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Acterna ANT-20 Advanced Network Tester – SONET



As digital communications networks expand, the number of network operators is growing too, and not just due to providers merging across boarders. Different networks such as Cellular networks, CATV and Internet are converging too. Nowadays, customers demand next-to-perfect network availability, and a top-level transmission quality has become a given.

ANT-20: Flexibility with sure future viability

The ANT-20 Advanced Network Tester can be individually adapted to the latest test requirements and still leave room for handling possible future needs. The instrument thus meets the everchanging requirements of the operators and manufacturers of modern communications networks. The modular hardware and software concept means that the ANT-20 test functions are easily adapted to cover a new scenario.

Always ready for new standards, higher bitrates and the intelligent system components of the future the ANT-20 is at the forefront of network installation and manufacturing applications.

Superior ease of use

The ANT-20 is built around the standard Microsoft[®] Windows[™] graphical user interface and a large display screen, combining comprehensive test facilities with superior ease of use. The instrument is operated right on screen using a mouse or the optional touchscreen. The graphical user interface facilitates rapid, application-oriented instrument settings together with simultaneous display of major parameters and test results.

Save time and money through

Test automation is particular important for acceptance measurements and in development and production of network elements. The test sequencer is a test automation software package that runs directly on the ANT-20's built-in PC. Without any programming backround, you can still easily create test sequences to meet your own specific needs.

The test solution that sets the pace in analyzing digital communications systems

- Multi-rate transmission testing from DS1 to OC-48c
- Modular platform offering SONET, DSn, SDH and ATM capabilities
- Built-in Pentium PC and Windows 98 user interface for easy processing of test results
- Complemented by a lot of easy-access, automated test features
- Large, color screen plus graphical results presentation

Edition: April 2001



Configuration Guide

ANT-20 SONET (up to 2.5 Gbit/s)

		Pleas	e select
	ANT-20 SONET	BN 3035/42	
	Touchscreen	BN 3035/93.11	
SONET	Mapping DS1 – VT1.5	BN 3035/90.10	
page 4-9	Mapping DS2 – VT6	BN 3035/90.11	
	Mapping DS3 – STS-1SPE	BN 3035/90.12	
	Mapping E1 – VT2	BN 3035/90.13	
	Mapping STS-3c – BERT	BN 3035/90.03	
	Extended OH Analysis (APS capture, TCM)	BN 3035/90.15	
	Drop&Insert/Through mode	BN 3035/90.20	
	Mux/Demux M13	BN 3035/90.32	
SDH	Mapping E1 – C12	BN 3035/90.01	
page 9	Mapping E ₃ – C ₃	BN 3035/90.02	
	Mapping E4 – C4 (and STS-3c)	BN 3035/90.03	
	Mapping DS1 - C11/C12	BN 3035/90.04	
	Mapping DS3 - C3	BN 3035/90.05	
	Mapping DS2 – C2	BN 3035/90.06	
	Mux/Demux 64k/14oM	BN 3035/90.30	
	BERT 2/8/34/140	BN 3035/90.33	
Optic	OC-1/3, 1310 nm	BN 3035/90.43	
page 10 –13	OC-1/3, 1550 nm	BN 3035/90.44	
,	OC-1/3, 1310/1550 nm	BN 3035/90.45	
	OC-1/3/12, 1310 nm	BN 3035/90.46	
	OC-1/3/12, 1550 nm	BN 3035/90.47	
	OC-1/3/12, 1310/1550 nm	BN 3035/90.48	
	OC-48, 1550 nm	BN 3035/91.53	
	OC-48, 1310 nm	BN 3035/91.54	
	OC-48, 1310/1550 nm	BN 3035/91.59	
	Package OC-1/3/12/48, 1310 nm	BN 3035/91.17	
	Package OC-1/3/12/48, 1550 nm	BN 3035/91.18	
	Package OC-1/3/12/48, 1310/1550 nm	BN 3035/91.19	
	Package OC-1/3/12, 1310 nm & OC-48, 1550 nm	BN 3035/91.23	
	Optical Power Splitter	BN 3035/90.49	
CONCAT.	OC-12c BERT	BN 3035/90.90	
page 11-13	OC-12c ATM	BN 3035/90.91	
, 0	OC-12c Virtual Concatenation	BN 3035/90.92	
	OC-48c BERT	BN 3035/90.93	

Please select

Package Jitter/Wander up to 155 Mbit/s	BN 3035/91.29	Jitter/
Package Jitter/Wander up to 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/91.31	Wander
Jitter Generator up to 155 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.81	page 14-18
Jitter Meter up to 155 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.82	
Jitter Generator 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.83	
Jitter Meter 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.84	
Wander Generator up to 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.85	
Wander Analyzer up to 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.86	
MTIE/TDEV Analyzer	BN 3035/95.21	
ATM Package PVC & SVC	BN 3035/91.81	ATM
ATM Basic Module	BN 3035/90.70	page 19-24
ATM SVC Broadband Modul	BN 3035/90.80	
ATM mapping STS-1	BN 3035/90.71	
ATM mapping E4	BN 3035/90.72	
ATM mapping DS3-HEC + DS3-PLCP	BN 3035/90.73	
ATM mapping E ₃	BN 3035/90.74	
ATM mapping E1	BN 3035/90.75	
ATM mapping DS1	BN 3035/90.76	
ATM mapping VC-3	BN 3035/90.77	
Test Sequencer CATS BASIC	BN 3035/95.90	AUTO
Test Sequencer CATS PROFESSIONAL	BN 3045/95.95	page 25
		_
V.24/RS232 Remote Control Interface	BN 3035/91.01	Remote
GPIB/IEEE Remote Control Interface	BN 3035/92.10	page 25
TCP/IP Remote Control Interface	BN 3035/92.11	
Remote Operation	BN 3035/95.30	

Specifications

ANT-20 mainframe

BN 3035/42

Includes:

- Generator and analyzer for electrical STS-1 and STS-3 signals allowing:
 - Simulation and evaluation in the TOH/POH
 - Generation and analysis of errors and alarms
 - Pointer generator and analyzer
 - DSn analysis
- Generator and analyzer for bit error rate tests (BERT) at 6 Mbit/s with unframed, 1.5 and 45 Mbit/s with framed and unframed test patterns
- One selectable mapping
- 1 extension slot
- Ethernet and USB interface

C INC/DEC Cancel (INC, DEC) . standard @ 87/3 Inc sequences C 43/44 Inc 86/4 Inc 87/3 Dec Add (INC, DEC) 43/44 Dec C 86/4 Dec T3/s T1/= T2/s 1.00 00 Figure 1: Pointer actions

Generator unit

Digital outputs

Interfaces to Telcordia GR-253, TR-TSY-000499, ANSI T1.102

75 Ω coaxial output, adapter jack selectable from Versacon 9 adapter system

Bit rates and line codes

DS1
DS2
DS3
STS-1 51 840 kbit/s; B3ZS, CMI
STS-3 155 520 kbit/s; CMI
100Ω balanced output, Bantam jack
Bit rate and line codes
DS1
Output pulses
DS1 DSX-1 compatible
DS2 rectangular
DS3, STS-1 HIGH, LOW, DSX-3
Bit rate offset \pm 500 ppm

Clock

Internal clock generation

at all of the bit rates listed above. Clock stability ± 2 ppm

Synchronisation to external signals

via 100Ω balanced input, Bantam jack:

- .. 1544 kHz and 2048 kHz
- 1544 kbit/s (B8ZS) 2048 kbit/s (HDB)
- Receive signal

Clock outputs

- Clock output at frequency of generator signal, approx. 400 mV (when terminated into 75 Ω), BNC jack

STS-3 output signal

Generation of a STS-3 signal conforming to Telcordia GR-253, ANSI T1.105

The STS-3 signal consists of one internal STS-1 tributary signal with the remaining two tributaries filled with UNEQ.

STS-1 output signal

Manual pointer

or using

pre-defined

manipulation

Generation of a STS-1 signal conforming to Telcordia GR-253, ANSI T1.105a

SIS VI SIS UT

STS Pointer

CINC

CDEC

C NEW VALUE

ANT-20 SONET

© Cont

T4/s

90.00

Mappings

One selectable STS-1 mapping is included in the basic instrument. Other mappings can be added as needed.

Content of the selected tributary:

- Framed or unframed DS1 or DS3 test pattern
- M13 multiplex signal (with M13 MUX/DEMUX option)
- External DS1 or DS3 signal (with D&I option)
- Test pattern without stuffing bits (bulk signal to O.181)

Content of non-selected tributaries framed PRBS 2¹¹–1 The various mappings are described along with the options.

Generation of pointer actions (Figure 1)

Generation of pointer actions at the STS-1 and VT levels simultaneously.

- Pointer sequences to T1.105.03 with programmable spacing
- Pointer increment/decrement (continuously repeated)
- Single pointer
- Pointer value setting with or without NDF

Content of TOH and POH bytes

The content of all bytes with the exception of B1/B2/B3 and H1 to H4 is programmable with any byte or a user defined bytesequence p in m in n (p frames in m frames and the entire sequence repeated n times) can be inserted.

Bytes E1, E2, F1, F2, and byte groups D1 to D3 and D4 to D12:

- Transmission of a PRBS with bit error insertion (selectable in signal
- Insertion of an external data signal (via V.11 interface; also for K1, K2, N1 and N2)

Trace identifier

J0, J1, J2 programma	able 16 byte ASCII sequence with CRC
J1, J2, additionally p	programmable 64 byte ASCII sequence
H4 byte	4 or 48 byte sequence

Error insertion

Error types
frame errors, REI-L, REI-P, bit errors in test pattern,
BPV (single errors)
Triggering
Single error or error ratio
for B1, B3, REI-P 2×10^{-4} to 1×10^{-10}
for bit errors
Step size for mantissa and exponent
Burst error: m anomalies in n periods
For FAS, B1, B2, B3, REI-L, REI-P
and $n = 2$ to 8001 frames or 0.2 s to 600 s

Alarm generation

Dynamic

Alarm types LOS, LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L, LOP-P, AIS-P, UNEQ-P, PLM-P, RDI-P, RDIEPP, RDIEPS, RDIEPC, PDI-P
-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -
m alarms in n frames $m = 1$ to $n-1$, $n_{max} = 8000$
or t1 alarm active, t2 alarm passive t1 = 0 to 60 s, t2 = 0 to 600 s
Static (on/off)
Alarm types LOS, LOF, AIS-L, TIM-L, RDI-L,
LOP-P, AIS-P, UNEQ-P, PLM-P, TIM-P,

DS1, DS2 and DS3 output signals

Signal structures

- Unframed test pattern

RDI-P, RDIEPP, RDIEPS, RDIEPC, PDI-P

Error insertion

Bit errors in test pattern error rate, single error
BPV single error
DS1 F bit (LOF) single error, 2 in 4, 2 in 5, 2 in 6
CRC-6 (ESF) single error, error rate
DS3 F bit (LOF) single error, 2 in 2, 2 in 3, 3 in 3, 3 in 15,
3 in 16, 3 in 17
P parity, CP parity, FEBE single error, error rate
Error rate 1×10^{-2} to 1×10^{-9}

Alarm insertion

DS1	LOF, AIS, YELLOW
DS3	LOF, AIS, YELLOW, IDLE, FEAC

FEAC Far-End Alarm and Control Signals

To test that FEAC alarm and status information is correctly transmitted, the relevant signal codes can be selected and inserted into the DS3 C-bit frame format.

Test patterns

Pseudo-random bit sequences

PRBS: 2^{11} –1, 2^{15} –1, 2^{20} –1, QRSS 20, 2^{11} –1 inv., 2^{15} –1 inv., 2^{20} –1 inv., 2^{23} –1 inv.

Programmable word

Length	 	 	 	16 bits

Receiver unit

Digital inputs

Interfaces to Telcordia GR-253, TR-TSY-000499, ANSI T1.102 75 Ω coaxial input; adapter jack selectable from Versacon 9 adapter system

Bit rates and line codes

it fates and mic codes	
DS1	1544 kbit/s; B8ZS, AMI, CMI
DS2	6312 kbit/s; B8ZS, CMI
DS3	44 736 kbit/s; B3ZS, CMI
STS-1	51 840 kbit/s; B3ZS, CMI
STS-3	15 5520 kbit/s; CMI

100 Ω balanced input, Bantam jack

Bit rate and line codes

DS1 1544	kbit/s; B8ZS, AMI, CMI
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Input levels

DS1	 DSX-1 compatible
DS3, STS-1	 HIGH, LOW, DSX-3

Clock recovery pulling range ± 50	0 ppm
Selectable input gain, CMI coded	23 dB
B3ZS, B8ZS, HDB3, AMI coded 15 to	26 dB
Selectable adaptive equalizers for DS3, STS-1	450 ft
DS1	1310 ft

Monitor input for STS-3 and STS-12 NRZ signals See chapter Optical Interfaces for details.

STS-3 receive signal

(for signal structure, see under generator unit)

The ANT-20 demultiplexes one selectable STS-1 tributary from STS-3 and feeds it to the internal processor for evaluation.

STS-1, DS1 and DS3 receive signals

Signal structures as for generator unit

Trigger output

75 Ω BNC connector, HCMOS signal level Pulse output for received bit errors, transmit frame trigger, transmit pattern trigger or 2048 kHz reference clock

Automatic modes

Autoconfiguration

Automatically sets the ANT-20 to the input signal. The routine searches at the electrical and optical interfaces for the presence of standard asynchronous and STS-N/OC-N signals (GR-253, ANSI T1.102) and the payload contents in channel 1.

Automatic SCAN function

The SCAN function permits sequential testing of all VT1.5 or VT2 channels in a SONETsignal. The ANT-20 receiver checks for alarms in the receive signal, the SONETstructure and all channels and for synchronization of the selected test pattern in all channels. The results (OK/not OK) for each channel are entered in a matrix. The generator runs simultaneously and can be used to stimulate the device under test.

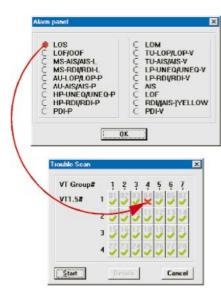


Figure 2: Trouble scan

Automatic TROUBLE SCAN function (Figure 2)

The TROUBLE SCAN function permits sequential testing of all VT1.5 or VT2 channels in a SONETsignal. The ANT-20 receiver checks for alarms in the receive signal, the SONET structure and all channels. The results (OK/not OK) for each channel are entered in a matrix. A detailed alarm history can be displayed by selecting a channel from the matrix. Only the receive channels are altered during a TROUBLE SCAN.

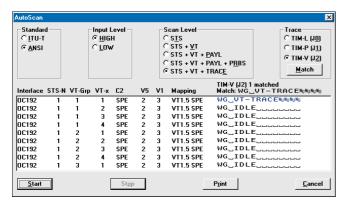
AutoScan function (Figure 3)

This automatic "AutoScan" function allows you to rapidly check the signal structure, the mapping used, the trace identifier and the payload – even with mixed mapped signals.

The ANT-20 receiver analyzes the incoming received signal and provides a clear overview of all the signals present in the composite receive signal. The variable scan depth setting allows even complex signal structures to be resolved and displayed clearly. All the displayed results can be printed out.

Automatic SEARCH function

Channel shifts in the payload may occur when measuring complex network elements, depending on the configuration of the device under test. The SEARCH function permits rapid automatic location of the test channel (VT1.5 or VT2 with defined PRBS) in the payload of a SONETsignal. The ANT-20 receiver checks for alarms in the receive signal, the SDH structure and all channels, and for synchronization of the selected test pattern in all channels. The results (OK/not OK) for each channel are entered in a matrix. An OK result indicates that the corresponding channel contains the signal searched for. Only the receive channels are altered during a SEARCH.



Measurement types

Error measurements

Error types .	B1, B2, B3 parity errors
	frame errors, REI-L, REI-P, bit errors in test pattern, BPV
Additionally	for
DS1	CRC errors
DS3	P-parity errors, CP-parity errors, FEBE
Error Count	Error Rate, Intermediate Errors

Performance analysis

ES, SES, EFS, SEFS, UAS are evaluated

In-Service Measurements (ISM)

Out-of-Service measurements (OoS)

OoS evaluation using bit errors in test pattern

Analysis of STS-1 and VT pointer actions (Figure 4)

Display of

- Number of pointer operations: Increment, Decrement,
 Sum (Increment + Decrement), Difference (Increment Decrement)
- Pointer value

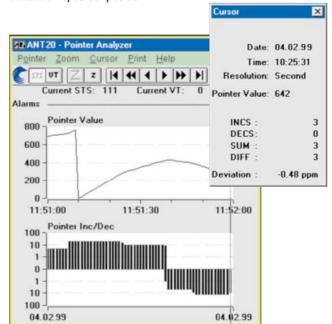
Clock frequency measurement

The deviation of the input signal clock frequency from the nominal frequency is displayed in ppm.

Delay measurement

Delay measurements are used for aligning satellite hops and testing the maximum permitted delay times for storage exchange and cross-connect systems and for checking the loop circuits in regenerators. The ANT-20 measures the time taken to transmit the test pattern from the generator through the section under test and back to the receiver.

Figure 4: Graphic pointers. Display showing additional evaluation of cursor position



The measurement is made on the test patterns in a selected channel, or in the tributaries (SONET; bulk signal or asynchronous), or on the selected channel of the lowest hierarchy level of asynchronous multiplex systems. To avoid ambiguities in the measurement, two measurement times are provided.

Bit rates from 34 to 155 Mbit/s	1 μs to	1 s
Bit rate 1.5 Mbit/s	l0 μs to	5 s

Alarm detection

All alarms are evaluated and dis	splayed in parallel
Alarm types	LOS, OOF, LOF
Additionally, for STS	AIS-L, RDI-L, AIS-P, LOP-P,
	NDF-P, RDI-P, UNEQ-P, TIM-P, PLM-P
Additionally, for DS1, DS3	LSS, AIS, RAI (YELLOW),
	IDLE (DS3), FEAC (DS3)

TOH and POH evaluation

Display of complete TOH and POH, e.g. interpretation of APS information in K1 and K2

For the bytes E1, E2, F1, F2 and byte groups D1 to D3 and D4 to D12:

- BERT using test pattern from the generator unit
- Output of the data signal via the V.11 interface (also for K1, K2) For the Trace Identifier
- J0 display of 1 byte or 16-byte ASCII sequence - J1, J2 display of 16 or 64-byte ASCII sequence

Measurement interval

Variable	1 second to 99 days
Measurement start	manual or automatic timer
	(user setting)
Measurement stop	manual or automatic timer
-	(user setting)

Memory for errors, pointer operations and alarms

Resolution of error events an	nd pointers 1 s
Alarm resolution	100 ms
Memory capacity	up to 1 million entries
	(approx. 100 days at 7 entries per minute)

Acustic indication of Errors and Alarms

Beeper upon any detected error and alarm

Off-line analysis software

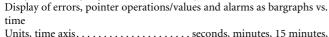
The software runs on standard PCs and permits comprehensive analysis of stored ANT-20 results. After loading the results, the ANT-20 settings during the measurement and the stored results can be accessed. Zoom and filter functions allow detailed evaluations. The processed results can be exported in CSV format for importing into other programs such as Excel or Winword for producing documentation.

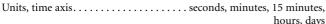
Results display and instrument operation

Numerical display

Display of absolute and relative values for all error types
Intermediate results every 1 s to 99 min

Graphical display (histogram) (Figure 5)





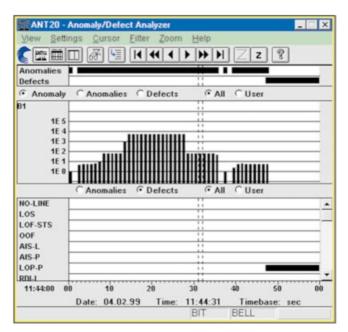


Figure 5: Histogram results display

Tabular display

Display of all alarm and error events with time stamp

Result printout

ANT-20 supports a variety of dot-matrix, inkjet and laser printers (Windows Print Manager)

Printer interfaces

Serial	V.24/RS232
Parallel	Centronics/EPP/IEEE P 1284

Instrument operation

ANT-20 is operated using the standard Microsoft[®] Windows[™] graphical user interface. Operation is menu-controlled using the mouse or optional touchscreen. A trackball can also be connected if desired.

Application selection and storage

ANT-20 includes an applications library to which customer-specific applications can be added. All applications are stored internally and can be copied to any other ANT-20 via floppy disk. Easy to use filter functions allow quick selection of the desired application.

Display

A large display screen is available for the ANT-20:	
Color TFT screen (touchscreen optional)	10.4", 256 colors
Resolution	(VGA standard)

Built-in PC

ANT-20 uses a Pentium PC as internal controller so that standard PC applications can also be run on the instrument.

RAM capacity
LS 120 drive
Hard disk drive 6 GB
USB interface 10/100 Mbit/s Ethernet interface are included

USB interface, 10/100 Mbit/s Ethernet interface are included.

Keyboard

Full keyboard for text input, extended PC applications and future requirements. The keyboard is protected by a fold back cover. An additional connector is provided for a standard PC keyboard.

External display connector

Simultaneous display with built-in screen
InterfaceVGA standard

PCMCIA interface

Power outage function

In the event of an AC line power failure during a measurement, ANT-20 saves all data. As soon as the AC line voltage is reestablished, the measurement is resumed. Previous results are retained and the time of the power failure is recorded along with other events.

General specifications

Power supply (nominal range of use)

AC line voltage	. 100 to 127 V and 220 to 240 V
AC line frequency	50/60 Hz
Power consumption (all options fitted)	max. 230 VA
Safety class to IEC 1010-1	Class I

Ambient temperature

Nominal range of use	41 to 104° F (+5 to +40 °C)
Storage and transport range	4 to 158° F (-20 to +70 °C)

Dimensions $(w \times h \times d)$	in	mm	approx.	320 ×	350×170
	in	inches	approx.	$12.6 \times$	13.8×6.7

Weight approx. 10 kg/22 lb

Options

Touchscreen BN 3035/93.11

Upgrade for color display screens

VT1.5 and STM-0 mapping BN 3035/90.10

DS1 in STS-1 and 1.5 Mbit/s in STM-0
Modes asynchronous, byte synchronous (floating)
Error insertion and measurement
Additional error types BIP-V, REI-V

Alarm generation, dynamic

Alarm types	. LOP-V, AIS-V, LOM, UNEQ-V, RDI-V,
RDIEVP,	RDIEVS, RDIEVC, RFI-V, PDI-V, PLM-V
m alarms in n frames	$m = 1$ to $n-1$, $n_{max} = 8000$
or	
t1 alarm active,	

t2 alarm passive t1 = 0 to 60 s, t2 = 0 to 600 s

Alarm generation, static (on/off) and evaluation

Alarm types	LOP-V, AIS-V, LOM, UNEQ-V, PLM-V,
	TIM-V, RDI-V, RDIEVP, RDIEVS, RDIEVC, RFI-V
Alarm detect	ion only NDF-V

VT6 SPE mapping BN 3035/90.11

(6 Mbit/s unframed/Bulk in STS-1)

STS-1 SPE and STM-0 mapping BN 3035/90.12

Errors and alarms as for mainframe instrument

VT2 SPE and STM-o mapping

E1 in STS-1 and 2 Mbit/s in STM-0

Modes asynchronous, byte synchronous (floating) Error insertion and alarm generation as for VT1.5 SPE mapping.

OC-12c/STM-4c Bit Error Tester BN 3035/90.90
OC-12c/STM-4c ATM Testing BN 3035/90.91
OC-12c/STM-4c Virtual Concatenation BN 3035/90.92

Concatenated containers in both contiguous and virtual forms are now widely used in networks in order to meet the demands for ever higher bandwidths. The BERT option tests the performance of transmission paths.

The ATM testing option extends the applications of the ATM module (BN 3035/90.70). The Virtual Concatenation option provides the facilities for dealing with these new multiplexing techniques.

OC-48c/STM-16c Error Test (Bulk)

BN 3035/90.93

BN 3035/90.13

requires one of the following Optics Modules: BN 3035/91.53 to BN 3035/91.59

The quality of a 2.5 Gbit/s path can be determined very simply using a bit error rate test across the concatenated container. This is used for connectivity tests when lining up new paths between ATM switches and terabit routers via OC-192/STM-64 systems. This measurement is also used when commissioning DWDM tributaries.

The test signal fills the entire STS-48c SPE or VC-4-16c.

Extended Overhead Analysis

BN 3035/90.15

Byte capture TOH and POH

To analyze the TOH/POH functions, it is necessary to capture individual bytes vs. time, allowing detection of errors or short-term changes with frame-level precision.

The Capture function is started by a selectable trigger. Values for a selected byte are stored and can be accessed subsequently in a table of values

Particularly in capturing the **APS sequences**, the bytes (K1, K2) are displayed as an abbreviation of the standard commands.

The function also allows recording of the N1 or N2 bytes for evaluation of **"Tandem Connection"** information.

H4 sequences can also be analyzed very easily.

The results can be printed or exported.

Capture bytes for
STS-1/-3/-3c, el. & opt all TOH/POH bytes
OC-N, el. & opt all TOH/POH bytes,
except A1, A2, B1
Storage depth for a byte
K1, K2
Trigger events AIS-L, AIS-V, AIS-P, RDI-L, LOP-P,
editable value in trigger byte
Capture resolution frame precision

APS time measurement

In synchronous networks, a defined maximum switch-over time is necessary for the traffic in case of a fault.

To verify compliance with this requirement, the ANT-20 measures the switch-over time with 1 ms resolution. The result can be printed.

Criteria for the

time measurement	. AIS-L, AIS-V, AIS-P, bit error
Max. measurement time	
Resolution	1 ms
Allowable error rate for user signal	$ < 2 \times 10^{-4}$

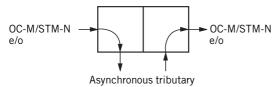
Drop & Insert

BN 3035/90.20

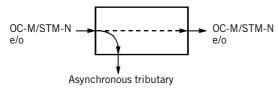
This option provides the following functions:

1. Generator and receiver operate independently

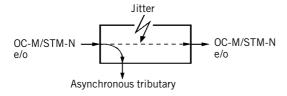
as mapper and demapper. The DS1/DS3 signal from a selected channel is dropped from the receive signal and output to a connector. An external or internal DS1/DS3 signal is inserted into the transmit signal.



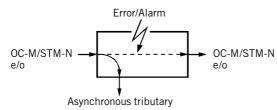
2. Through mode: The received signal is looped through the ANT-20 and re-transmitted (generator and receiver coupled). The DS1/DS3 signal from a selected channel may be dropped from the receive signal and output to a connector. An internal DS1/S3 signal may be inserted into the transmit signal. The ANT-20 can operate here as an active signal monitor without affecting the signal.



3. Through mode jittering: The looped-through DS1/DS3 or SONET signal can also be jittered using the Jitter Generator option. This applies to all jitter frequencies up to 622 Mbit/s depending on the jitter option fitted.



- 4. Error insertion in through mode: The looped-through synchronous signal can be manipulated if required:
 - Overwriting bytes in the TOH (except B1, B2, H1 to H3)
 - Error insertion
 - Alarm generation by programming the TOH



5. Block and Replace (B&R)

For this function, the ANT-20 is looped into the working fiber of a ring. B&R allows replacement of a synchronous tributary (e.g. STS-1 including TOH, POH and payload) in a OC-N signal. This can then be measured by the ANT-20 from the ring. By inserting specific errors, the error thresholds of the APS mechanism in the system can be tested.

M₁₃ MUX/DEMUX chain

BN 3035/90.32

 $\,$ M13 multiplexers are used in North America in hybrid networks and synchronous system cross-connects.

This option provides $n \times DS0$ to DS3 multiplex and demultiplex functions. The output signal is fed to the electrical interface (requires option BN 3035/90.34) and is available as payload in mappings (requires option BN 3035/90.12 or BN 3035/90.05) Alarms and errors can be generated and analyzed.

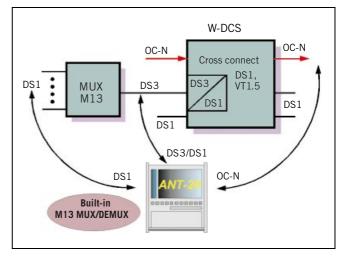


Figure 6: Testing hybrid systems with M13 MUX/DEMUX

64k/140M MUX/DEMUX chain BN 3035/90.30

This option provides n \times 64 kbit/s to 140 Mbit/s multiplex and demultiplex functions. The output signal is fed to the electrical interface and is available as payload in mappings (requires options BN 3035/90.01 to 90.03 or BN 3035/90.13). Alarms and errors can be generated and analyzed.

BERT (2, 8, 34, 140 Mbit/s) BN 3035/90.33

on mainframe

Optical Interfaces

All of the optical interfaces are intended for single-mode fibers. Acterna offers a complete line of optical test adapters. Select one test adapter each for the generator and receiver from the ordering information in this data sheet. All optical interface options include the required number of test adapters.

Optical Modules up to 155 Mbit/s

Optical OC-1/3, STM-o/1, 1310 nm	BN 3035/90.43
Optical OC-1/3, STM-o/1, 1550 nm	BN 3035/90.44
Optical OC-1/3, STM-o/1, 1310 & 1550 nm	BN 3035/90.45
Bit rate of TX and RX signal additionally, for STS-1/STM-0 mappings	51 840 kbit/s
Line code	scrambled NRZ

Generator unit

The generator meets the requirements of Telcordia GR-253, ANSI T1.105.06 (ITU-T Rec. G.957, Tables 2 and 3). Classes LR-1, LR-2, LR-3 (L1.1, L1.2 and L1.3) are covered.

There are three options for adapting to the required wavelength:
Wavelength 1310 nm, 1550 nm,
1310 & 1550 nm (switchable in the instrument)
Output level

with 1310 & 1550 nm option...... 0 dBm +2/-3.5 dB

Receiver unit

The receiver unit meets the specifications of Telcordia GR-253, ANSI T1.105.06 (ITU-T Rec. G.957) and fulfills classes IR-1, IR-2 (S1.1 and S1.2).

Wavelength range
Input sensitivity8 to -28 dBm
(-8 to -34 dBm typ.)
Display of optical input level
Resolution
155 Mbit/s electrical interface
for connecting the ANT-20 to STM-1/STS-3 monitor points
Line code scrambled NRZ
Input voltage (peak-peak) 0.2 to 1 V
Unbalanced input

Connector/impedance SMA/50 Ω

Optical Modules up to 622 Mbit/s

Optical OC-1/3/12, STM-o/1/4, 1310 nm BN 3035/90.46
Optical OC-1/3/12, STM-o/1/4, 1550 nm BN 3035/90.47
Optical OC-1/3/12, STM-o/1/4,
1310 & 1550 nm BN 3035/90.48

Bit rate of TX and	
RX signal 155	5 520 kbit/s, 622 080 kbit/s
additionally, for STS-1/STM-0 mappings	51840 kbit/s
Line code	scrambled NRZ

Generator unit

The generator meets the requirements of Telcordia GR-253, ANSI T1.105.06 (ITU-T Rec. G.957, Tables 2 and 3). Classes LR-1, LR-2, LR-3 (L1.1, L1.2, L1.3, L4.1, L4.2 and L4.3) are covered.

There are three options for adapting to the required wavelength:
Wavelength
1310 & 1550 nm (switchable in the instrument)
Output level
with 1310 & 1550 nm option 0 dBm +2/-3.5 dB

Generation of STM-4 TX signal

in instruments with STM-1 mappings

The STM-4 TX signal consists of

- four identical STM-1 tributary signals (AU-4), or
- one internally generated STM-1 tributary signal with the other three tributaries filled with UNEQ.

Generation of OC-12 TX signal

in instruments with STS-1 mappings

The OC-12 TX signal consists of

 one internally generated STS-1 tributary signal with the other 11 tributaries filled with UNEQ or

with STS-3c mapping option BN 3035/90.03, or ATM Module Option BN 3035/90.70

 one internally generated STS-3c tributary signal with the other three tributaries filled with UNEQ.

Contents of the OC-12/STM-4 overhead bytes

For all bytes except B1, B2 and H1 to H3:

 the content of each byte is statically programmable or a user defined byte-sequence p in m in n (p frames in m frames and the entire sequence repeated n times) can be inserted.

For the E1, E2, F1 bytes and the DCC channels

D1 to D3 and D4 to D12:

- Transmission of a test pattern with bit error insertion (see mainframe for pattern selection)
- Insertion of an external data signal (via the V.11 interface)

For the K1, K2, N1, N2 bytes:

- Insertion of the data signal via the V.11 interface

For the J0 bytes:

- Transmission of a 16-byte sequence, with CRC

Error insertion

Error types
Triggering Single errors or error ratio $2\times10^{-3} \text{ to } 1\times10^{-10}$ for B1 parity errors $2\times10^{-4} \text{ to } 1\times10^{-10}$
Burst error: m anomalies in n periods For FAS, B1, B2, B3, REI-L, REI-P $m=1$ to 4.8×10^6 and

n = 2 to 8001 frames or 0.2 s to 600 s

Alarm generation, dynamic

Alarm types for STM-4	LOF, MS-AIS, MS-RDI
for OC-12	LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L
m alarms in n frames	$m = 1 \text{ to } n-1, n_{max} = 8000$
or	
t1 alarm active, t2 alarm passive	$t1 = 0$ to 60 s,
	t2 = 0 to 600 s

Alarm generation, static (on/off)

Alarm types		 	LOS, LOF
additionally,	for STM-4.	 	MS-AIS, MS-RDI, RS-TIM
·	for OC-12.	 	AIS-L, RDI-L, TIM-L

Insertion on/off

Receiver unit The receiver unit meets the specifications of Telcordia GR-253, ANSI T1.105.06 (ITU-T Rec. G.957) and fulfills classes IR-1, IR-2, LR-1, LR-2, LR-3 (S1.1, S1.2, S4.1, S4.2, L4.1, L4.2 and L4.3).	Option OC-12c/STM-4c Virtual Concatenation Only in conjunction with BN 3035/90.90 or BN 3035/90.91 BN 3035/90.91	
Wavelength range	Signal structure STM-4 to ITU-T G.707 Virtual concatenation with 4 AU-4 pointers	
Display of optical input level Resolution	Generation of pointer actions Manipulations on pointer #1 see mainframe Setting of delta values for pointers #2, #3, #4 Pointer analysis	
Measurement types Error measurements Error types	For pointer #1 see mainframe Delta values (maximum, minimum) \pm 40 for pointers #2, #3, #4	
B2 parity error of all STM-1/STS-1/STS-3c signals, MS-REI/REI-L Alarm detection	POH generation/analysis POH #1	
Alarm types LOS, LOF, OOF, LTI additionally, for STM-4 MS-AIS, MS-RDI, RS-TIM for OC-12 AIS-L, RDI-L, TIM-L	except B3 Automatic B3 generation for VC-4 #1, #2, #3, #4	
Overhead evaluation - Display of the complete overhead of a selectable STM-1/STS-1/STS-3c signal	Option OC-12c/STM-4c ATM-Testing BN 3035/90.91 Only in conjuction with BN 3035/90.70 and BN 3035/90.46 or BN 3035/90.47 or BN 3035/90.48	
For the E1, E2, F1 bytes and the DCC channels D1 to D3 and D4 to D12: - BERT using a test pattern from the generator unit - Output of the data signal via the V.11 interface	See chapter "ATM options" for further detail.	
For the K1, K2, N1, N2 bytes: Data signal output via the V.11 interface	Optical Modules up to 2488 Mbit/s	
For the J0 byte: - Display of 15-byte sequences in ASCII.	All optical packages include 4 optical adapters, STM-16c/OC-48c, STM-4c/OC-12c are not included.	
155/622 Mbit/s electrical interface For connecting the ANT-20 to STM-1/OC-3 and STM-4/OC-12 monitor points	Optical OC-1/3/12/48, STM-0/1/4/16, 1310 nm BN 3035/91.17	
	Optical OC-1/3/12/48, STM-0/1/4/16, 1550 nm BN 3035/91.18	
Connector/impediance	Optical OC-1/3/12/48, STM-0/1/4/16, 1310 & 1550 nm BN 3035/91.19	
	Optical OC-1/3/12, STM-0/1/4, 1310 nm OC-48, STM-16, 1550 nm BN 3035/91.23	
Concatenated Mappings 622 Mbit/s		
Option OC-12c/STM-4c BERT BN 3035/90.90 Only in conjunction with BN 3035/90.46 or BN 3035/90.47 or BN 3035/90.48	Optical Modules 2488 Mbit/s	
Contiguous concatenation signal structure to ANSI T1.105.02 and G.707.	Optical STM-16, OC-48, 1310 nm BN 3035/91.54	
Error measurement to O.150 Test pattern	Optical STM-16, OC-48, 1550 nm BN 3035/91.53	
PRBS-23, IPRBS-31, PRBS-23, PRBS-20, PRBS-15, IPRBS-15	Optical STM-16, OC-48, 1310/1550 nm switchable BN 3035/91.59	
Programmable word Length	One 2.5 Gbit/s module can be fitted in the extension slot of the ANT-20.	

11

4-10).

Error insertion

Bit errors in test pattern, single error or

Error measurement and alarm detection

Bit errors and AIS in test pattern

The optical interfaces meet the specifications of ITU-T Recommen-

dation G.957 (Table 4) and Telcordia TA-NWT-000253 I.6 (Table 4-9,

Classes S-16.2, L-16.2, L-16.3 (ITU-T) or IR-2, LR-2, LR-3 (Telcordia)

are fulfilled at 1550 nm; classes S-16.1, L-16.1 (G.957) or IR-1,

LR-1 (Telcordia) are fulfilled at 1310 nm.

Generator

Optical	interfaces
Optical	miteriaces

Wavelengths
or 1310/1550 nm switchable
Output level at 1310 nm and 1550 nm 0 dBm +0/-2 dB
Line code scrambled NRZ

Electrical interfaces

Line code scra	mbled NRZ
Output voltage (peak-peak)	≥0.6 V
Connector/impedance	SMA/50 Ω

Clock generator

Internal, accuracy ±2 ppm
Offset ±50 ppm
Synchronization from external signal as for mainframe

Generation of STM-16 TX signal

in instruments with STM-1 mappings

The STM-16 signal consists of one or more internally generated tributaries plus several tributaries filled with UNEQ (or non-specific UNEQ)

- 16 identical STM-1
- one STM-1 tributary and 15 × UNEQ/non specific
- 4 identical STM-4c (Option BN 3035/90.90 required)
- one STM-4c tributary (Option BN 3035/90.90 required) and 3 × UNEQ/non specific

Generation of OC-48 TX signals

in instruments with STS-1/STS-3c mappings

The OC-48 signal consists of one or more internally generated tributaries plus several tributaries filled with UNEQ (or non-specific UNEQ)

- 48 identical STS-1
- one STS-1 tributary and 47 × UNEQ/non specific
- 16 identical STS-3c (Option BN 3035/90.03 required)
- one STS-3c tributary (Option BN 3035/90.03 required) and 15 × UNEQ/non specific
- 4 identical STS-12c (Option BN 3035/90.90 required)
- one STS-12c tributary (Option BN 3035/90.90 required) and 3 × UNEQ/non specific

Contents of STM-16/OC-48 overhead bytes

For all bytes except B1, B2 and H1 through to H3:

 the contents of the bytes in all SOH/TOH are statically programmable

For the bytes E1, E2, F1 and the DCC channels D1 to D3 and D4 to D12:

- Transmission of a test pattern and bit error insertion (see mainframe for pattern selection)
- Insertion of an externally-generated data signal (via V.11 interface)

For the K1, K2, N1, N2 bytes:

- Insertion of an external data signal via the V.11 interface

For the J0 byte:

- Transmission of a 16-bit sequence with CRC

Error insertion

Error types B1, B2 parity errors
Single error or error rate B1
B2 2×10^{-3} to 1×10^{-10}
additionally, for STM-16 MS-REI
for OC-48
Single error or error rate

Alarm generation, dynamic

Alarm types	for STM-16	 LOF, MS-AIS, MS-RDI
	for OC-48.	 LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L

m alarms in n frames $m = 1$	to n-1, $n_{\text{max}} = 8000$
or	
t1 alarm active, t2 alarm passive	$t1 = 0$ to 60 s,
	t2 = 0 to 600 s
Alarm generation, static (on/off)	
Alarm types	LOS, LOF

additionally, for STM-16 MS-AIS, MS-RDI

for OC-48 AIS-L, RDI-L

Receiver

Optical interfaces

Wavelength
Line code scrambled NRZ
Sensitivity
Input overload>–8 dBm
Display of optical input level
Range
Resolution

Electrical interfaces

Line code scr	ambled NRZ
Input voltage (peak-peak)	0.3 to 1 V
Connector/impedance	. SMA/50 Ω

A selectable STM-1, STS-1 or STS-3c channel is fed to the internal evaluation circuits by demultiplexing from the input signal.

Error measurement

Error types
B2 parity sum error over
all STM-1/STS-1/STS-3c channels
Evaluation (bit/block errors) error rate, count
Error event resolution

Alarm detection

Alarm types	LOS, LOF, OOF
additionally, for STM-16	
for OC-48	AIS-L, RDI-L, TIM-L
Alarm event resolution	100 ms

SOH/TOH evaluation

Display of complete overhead

For the bytes E1, E2, F1 and the DCC channels D1 to D3 and D4 to D12:

- BERT using test pattern from generator unit
- Output of the data signal via the V.11 interface

For the K1, K2, N1, N2 bytes:

- Data signal output via the V.11 interface

For the J0 byte:

- Display of 15-byte sequences in ASCII format

Concatenated Mapping 2488 Mbit/s

Option OC-48c/STM-16c BERT

BN 3035/90.93

Only in conjunction with BN 3035/91.53 to /91.59

Contiguous concatenation signal structure to ANSI T1.105.02 and G.707.

Error measurement to O.150

Test pattern	PRBS-31, IPRBS-31. PRBS-23, IPRBS-23
Programmable word Length	16 bits

Error insertion

bit errors in test pattern, single error or	
error ratio	to 1×10^{-9}

Alarm generation:

AU-AIS, AIS-C1... AIS-C16, AU-LOP, LOP-C1... LOP-C16

Error measurement and alarm detection:

AU-AIS, AU-LOP Bit errors

Automatic Protection Switching Sensor: MS-AIS, AU-AIS

Solutions for 10 Gbit/s

With the new ANT-10Gig we provide a 10 Gbit/s solution which covers STM-64 as well as OC-192. The ANT-10Gig allows testing at the highest line bit rate and in all mappings below and offers optionally all testing down to $n \times 64$ kbit/s.

For detailed information please refer to data sheet "ANT-10Gig".

Further options

Optical Power Splitter (90%/10%) BN 3035/90.49

The Optical Power Splitter is built into the ANT-20.

Three optical test adapters are required to operate it; please indicate your choice.

The Optical Power Splitter provides an optical monitor point. The input signal is passed through to the output transparently.

OLA-15 Optical Attenuator (Variable) BN 2239/01



One application of OLA-15 is in line-up of optical links, where line interruptions are simulated for bit error testing. The device is also useful when measuring the sensitivity of optical receivers. With its wide variable attenuation range and highly accurate and reproducible attenuation settings, the OLA-15 is an ideal companion to the ANT-20.

Calibrated at 1310 and 1550 nm
Attenuation range
Resolution

See OLA-15 data sheet for details.

Jitter and Wander Options

Standards

Jitter generation and jitter/wander analysis are in accordance with

- ITU-T G.783, G.823, G.824, G.825, O.171, O.172
- ETSI ETS 300 462-1 to -6, ETS 300 417-1-1, EN 302 084
- Telcordia GR-253, GR-499
- ANSI T1.101, T1.102, T1.105.03

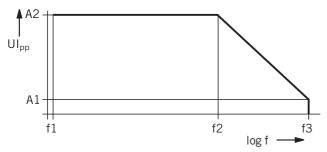
O.172 Jitter Generator up to 155 Mbit/s

BN 3035/90.81

Fully complies with or exceeds the requirements of ITU-T O.172.

Bit rates

Generates jitter at all bit rates included in the mainframe configuration up to 155 520 kbit/s.



Clock rate/kHz	A1	A2	f1/Hz	f2/Hz	f3/kHz
1 544				625	80
2 048				1560	200
6 312				940	120
8 448				6250	800
34 368				27 k	3 500
44 736				35 k	4 500
51 840	0.5	64	0.1	27 k	3 500
139 264				39 k	5 000
155 520				39 k	5 000
622 080 *	1.0	256		20 k	5 000

^{*} Requires option BN 3035/90.83

Modulator input (also for BN 3035/90.83)

75 Ω , BNC socket Voltage required 0 to 2 Vpp **Error limits** as per O.172

O.172 Jitter Generator 622 Mbit/s

BN 3035/90.83

Only in conjunction with the following options: Jitter Generator BN 3035/90.81 and Optical Interface BN 3035/90.46 to /90.48

 Jitter modulation of STM-4/OC-12 TX signals.

 Built-in modulation generator (sinewave)
 0.1 Hz to 5 MHz

 External modulation
 0 Hz to 5 MHz

 Jitter amplitude
 up to 256 UI

Jitter modulation of externally-generated signals in Through mode

Externally-generated signals can be jittered in Through mode when the D&I option (BN3035/90.20) is included.

This applies to all bit rates included in the mainframe configuration at the appropriate electrical and optical interfaces.

Built-in modulation generator (sinewave)	0.1 Hz to 5 MHz
External modulation	0 Hz to 5 MHz
Jitter amplitude as for jitter §	generator in UIpp

O.172 Jitter Meter up to 155 Mbit/s

BN 3035/90.82

Bit rates

Jitter measurement at all bit rates included in the mainframe configuration up to 155 520 kbit/s.

Built-in filters

Measurement ranges

Peak-peak

RMS

Range I/Resolution ... 0 to 0.8 UIpp/1 mUIpp
Range II/Resolution ... 0 to 10 UIpp/10 mUIpp
Range III/Resolution ... 0 to 100 UIpp/100 mUIpp
Measurement accuracy ... as per O.172

Demodulator output

75 Ω , BNC socket

O.172 Jitter Meter 622 Mbit/s BN 3035/90.84

Only in conjunction with the following options:

Jitter Meter BN 3035/90.82 and Optical Interface BN 3035/90.46 to /90.48

Measurement range

Peak-peak

Ra

Range I/Resolution ... 0 to 3.2 UIpp/1 mUIpp
Range II/Resolution ... 0 to 40 UIpp/10 mUIpp
Range III/Resolution ... 0 to 400 UIpp/100 mUIpp

Measurement accuracy as per O.172

Demodulator output

75 Ω , BNC socket

Range I (0 to 6.4 UIpp)	0.25 V/UIpp
Range II (0 to 80 UIpp)	.025 V/UIpp
Range III (0 to 800 UIpp)	0025 V/UIpp

Jitter Analysis

Current values (continuous measurement) Peak jitter value in UI_{pp} Positive peak value in UI_{+p} Negative peak value in UI_{-p} Maximum value (gated measurement) Maximum peak jitter value in UI_{pp} Maximum positive peak value in UI_{+p} Maximum negative peak value in UI_{-p} The ANT-20 retains phase synchronicity even when pointer jitter occurs (phase tolerance to O.172).

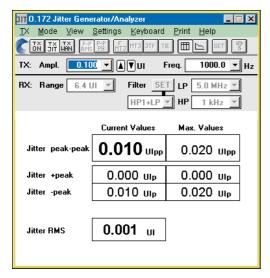


Figure 7: Jitter peak-to-peak/RMS measurement

Phase hits

The instrument detects when the programmable threshold for positive and negative jitter values is exceeded.

The result indicates how often this threshold was exceeded. Setting range for positive and negative thresholds

(depending on measurement range) 0.1 up to the half measurement range

litter versus time

This function is used to record variations of jitter with time. It allows the positive and negative peak values or peak-to-peak values to be displayed versus time.

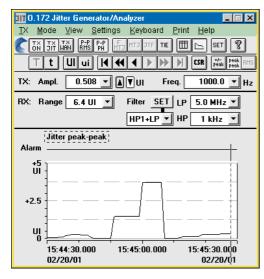


Figure 8: Jitter versus time display

Measured values have one second resolution. Measurement duration is up to 99 days.

By simultaneously evaluating alarms and errors, corellations between events can be quickly identified.

Clock jitter measurement

The ANT-20 can also measure the jitter on the clock signals (squarewave) at standard bit rates. All built-in bit rates with electrical interfaces up to 155 Mbit/s can be measured.

RMS measurement

G.958 (or G.783 rev.), T1.105.03, GR-253, GR-499 The RMS value is measured on-line and displayed in UI. The peak jitter and RMS values can be displayed simultaneously; a graph versus time is available for long-term analysis. An RMS filter preset is available.

0.172 Wander Generator up to 622 Mbit/s

BN 3035/90.85

Only in conjunction with Jitter Generator option BN 3035/90.81 for up to 155 Mbit/s and BN 3035/90.83 for 622 Mbit/s

Fully complies with or exceeds the requirements of ITU-T O.172

Bit rates

Wander generation at all implemented bit rates up to 622 Mbit/s according to the equipment level of the instrument.

Amplitude range	. up to 200 000 UI
Frequency range	10 μHz to 10 Hz
Accuracy	as per O.172

0.172 Wander Analyzer up to 622 Mbit/s

BN 3035/90.86

Only in conjunction with Jitter Meter option BN 3035/90.82 for up to 155 Mbit/s and BN 3035/90.84 for 622 Mbit/s

Fully complies with or exceeds the requirements of ITU-T O.172

For all bit rates up to 622 Mbit/s according to the equipment level of the instrument.

Other sampling rates in addition to the 30/s rate are available for detailed analysis versus time:

Sampling rate – Low-pass filter –

Test duration	. 1/s - 0.1 Hz - 99 days
	30/s - 10 Hz - 99 h
	60/s - 20 Hz - 99 h
	300/s - 100 Hz - 5000 s
Amplitude range	± 1 ns to $\pm 10^6$ s
Measurement accuracy	as per O.172

Reference signal input

1	
Balanced 110 Ω cor Clock input voltage	nnector Bantam
` .	e)
Clock input voltage	
	e)

Accessory: "Acterna TSR-37 Rubidium Timing Signal Reference" for wander applications, see end of chapter

Wander Analysis

For options BN 3035/90.86 and BN 3035/90.89

Time Interval Error (TIE)

to O.172numerical and graphical Sampling rates see under O.172 Wander Analyzer for up to 622 Mbit/s

MTIE is additionally determined as a continually updated numerical value.

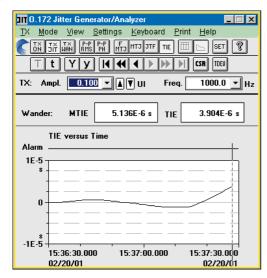


Figure 9: On-line wander testing (TIE)

To prevent data loss or premature termination of long term measurements, the ANT-20 checks the remaining space on the hard disk before the start of the measurement. If necessary, the selected measurement time can be adjusted.

The TIE values are recorded and are then available for subsequent off-line MTIE/TDEV evaluations. The values are also saved in .csv format for documentation or further analysis.

O.172 MTIE/TDEV Off-line Analysis Software BN 3035/95.21

This option provides extended off-line statistical analysis facilities for the results of wander measurements.

TIE values results obtained using the ANT-20 are analyzed according to ETSI ETS 300 462, EN 302 084, ITU-T O.172, G.810 to G.813, ANSI T1.101, Telcordia GR-1244.

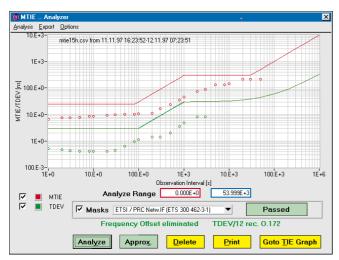


Figure 10: Display of MTIE/TDEV results and comparison against masks.

Network synchronization quality is presented graphically using the MTIE (maximum time interval error) and TDEV (time deviation) parameters. To ensure correct assessment, the tolerance masks for PRC (primary reference clock), SSU (synchronization supply unit), SEC (synchronous equipment clock) or PDH can be superimposed.

The results and masks can be printed out with additional user-defined comments.

This option allows several TIE results to be displayed simultaneously.

Decisive details during long term measurements disappear in the multitude of results. An effective zoom function is available for detailed wander characteristic analysis.

Result printout and export

The results can be printed out and stored internally or on floppy disk. The file format allows further processing using standard PC software.

Frequency offset and frequency drift rate (ANSI T1.101) (part of option BN 3035/95.21)

To ensure reliable operation when a clock source is in holdover mode, the frequency characteristics must not exceed specific deviation limits relative to an absolute reference source.

To verify this data, the ANT-20 determines the following over the selected measurement interval:

Frequency offset	in ppm
Frequency drift rate i	n ppm/s

MRTIE - Relative MTIE (G.823 and EN 302 084)

(part of option BN 3035/95.21)

If the reference is unavailable (too far away) when analyzing the wander of asynchronous signals, the MTIE analysis may have a superimposed frequency offset.

This offset depends on the difference between the signal and local reference clocks.

The MRTIE measurement subtracts the frequency offset from the result so that the "actual" wander characteristic is shown.

Accessory for wander analysis

"Acterna TSR-37 Rubidium Timing Signal Reference" see end of chapter

Automatic Measurements

The following automatic measurements can be run for all standard bit rates and interfaces included in the mainframe configuration (electrical/optical) up to 622 Mbit/s.

Automatic determination of selective Jitter Transfer Function, JTF

ITU-T G.958, Telcordia GR-499, GR-253, ANSI T1.105.03

The jitter transfer function indicates the ratio of the jitter amplitude at the output of the device under test to that at the input at various frequencies.

This determines whether the device under test reduces or amplifies input jitter and at which frequencies. After a calibration measurement to minimize intrinsic errors, the ANT-20 outputs a pre-selected jitter amplitude at various frequencies and measures selectively the jitter amplitude at the output of the device under test.

The ratio of the amplitudes in dB is the jitter transfer function.

The preselected amplitudes correspond to the mask for maximum permitted input jitter. The jitter frequencies and amplitudes can also be edited. The calibration values can be saved and used again for other measurements.

Additional measurement mode

- Transfer MTJ results:

An MTJ measurement is first performed. The measured amplitude values can then be used automatically as generator values for the JTF measurement.

The results can be displayed in tabular and graphical form. The graphical display includes the standard tolerance masks specified in G.735 to G.739, G.751, G.758 or T1.105.03 and GR-253. The distance of the measurement points from the tolerance masks indicates the degree to which the device under test meets the requirements of the standard.

Tolerance mask violations during the measurement are indicated in the numerical table.

Freely programmable tolerance masks

The existing tolerance masks for the ANT-20 can be altered as required to suit requirements that do not conform to specific standards. The new values selected for jitter frequency and jitter gain/loss are stored when the application is saved.

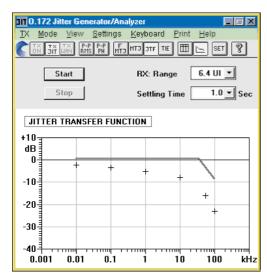


Figure 11: Jitter Transfer testing results

Automatic limit testing of Maximum Tolerable Jitter (Fast Maximum Tolerable Jitter F-MTJ)

ITU-T G.823, G.824, G.825, G.958, ANSI T1.403, T1.404, T1.105.03, Telcordia GR-253, GR-499

This extremely fast measurement tests the device under test for conformance to the standard tolerance mask limits for maximum tolerable jitter.

Jitter frequencies up to 10 fixed frequencies corresponding to standard tolerance mask

Detection criteria TSE (bit error),
code error, B2, B3, REI, RDI

Error threshold 0 to 999 999 errors

Settling time 0.1 to 99.9 s

The editable frequency/amplitude values are set sequentially and the test pattern monitored for the permitted bit error count by the receiver.

The result of each measurement is shown in a table as the status message "OK" or "FAILED".

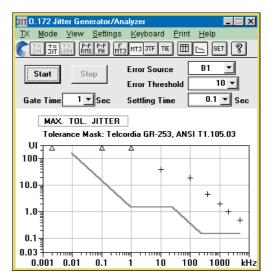


Figure 12: Maximum Tolerable Jitter testing

Automatic determination of Maximum Tolerable litter, MTI

ITU-T G.823, G.824, G.825, G.958, ANSI T1.403, T1.404, T1.105.03, Telcordia GR-253, GR-499

The ANT-20 automatically determines the maximum jitter amplitude tolerated by the device under test at each jitter frequency.

Jitter frequencies. 20 freely selectable frequencies

Detection criteria TSE (bit error),

code error, B2, B3, REI, RDI

Error threshold 0 to 999 999 errors

Settling time 0.1 to 99.9 s

Gating time 1 to 60 s

The maximum permissible jitter amplitude is determined precisely and quickly using a successive method. The ANT-20 determines the exact limit value.

The method is derived from long experience in the performance of jitter tolerance tests and is recognized by leading systems manufacturers.

The frequency/amplitude result pairs can be displayed in tabular and graphical form.

The graphical display includes the standard tolerance masks. The distance of the measurement points from the tolerance masks indicates the degree to which the device under test meets the requirements of the standard.

Tolerance mask violations during the measurement are indicated in the numerical table.

Freely programmable tolerance masks

The existing tolerance masks for the ANT-20 can be altered as required to suit requirements that do not conform to specific standards. The new values selected for jitter frequency and amplitude are stored when the application is saved.

Automatic pointer sequences for analyzing combined jitter

(available with CATS Test Sequencer option)

Among other things, ITU-T G.783 defines various pointer sequence scenarios for testing combined jitter (mapping and pointer jitter) at network elements.

These sequences are normally selected manually and the jitter measured. ANT-20 allows simple automation of these sequences. The entire sequence is started and the maximum pointer jitter determined with a single key press. This saves considerable time spent in setting up the test and executing the measurement.

Automatic limit testing of Maximum Tolerable Wander - MTW

ITU-T G.823, G.824

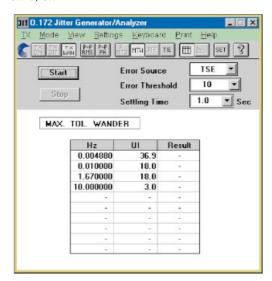


Figure 13: Maximum Tolerable Wander result display

The ANT-20 tests the device under test for conformance to the standard tolerance mask limits for maximum tolerable wander.

Measurement points up to 10 frequency/amplitude values
Detection criteria TSE (bit error), alarms
Frequency range
Amplitude range 0.1 to 200 000 UI, step: 0.1 UI

The result of each measurement is shown in a table with an "OK" or "FAILED" message.

Accessory

Acterna TSR-37 **Rubidium Timing Signal Reference**

DA 3700/00

The TSR-37 is a powerful reference source to quickly measure and test the synchronization quality of PDH/ SDH/SONET digital networks. MTIE and TDEV measurements for up to 1000 seconds can be easily performed without a GPS reference. Coupled with the optional GPS-FC, the range of observation time can be largely extended to meet specific requirements.

Provides the reference clock for wander analysis using the ANT-20.



- PDH/SDH/SONET Wander measurement source
 Accuracy at 25 °C: +5 × 10⁻¹¹ without GPS
 <1 × 10⁻¹¹ with GPS
- 12 Outputs; framed and unframed: 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 2.048 kHz, 1.544 kHz, E1, T1
- Compact, robust & lightweight
- External autocalibration input
- Input for GPS or Cesium reference

See Acterna TSR-37 data sheet for details.

ATM Options

ATM module

BN 3035/90.70

General

Adjustable test channel from o to 150 Mbit/s

In ATM network elements, user channels are monitored with the UPC (usage parameter control). The sensors of the control instance can be quickly checked if the bandwidth of a test channel exceeds the set threshold in the network element. For all measurements, the test channel in the ANT-20 is set on-line. Settings are made directly with a control (Figure 15) which shows the bandwidth in Mbit/s, Cells/s or %. This makes it easy to simulate CBR (Constant Bit Rate) sources. For each interface, the load setting has a range from 0.01% to 100%. This corresponds to the load conditions which can occur in the real world.

Load profiles

A test channel can be generated with typical load profiles in order to stress network elements or simulate source profiles. In burst mode, for example, the burst load, burst length and burst period parameters can be used to simulate a video signal whose key figures correspond to a real-life signal.

Background load generator

To make a real-time measurement under loaded conditions, additional background load can be simulated to supplement the test channel (foreground traffic). The ATM channels are defined using an editor. The user specifies the repetition rate of the load cell and a sequence of empty cells. Load channels can be transmitted continuously as a sequence. The load generator can also be used separately with the test channel switched off. In this case, the channels and profiles can be user-specified.

Determining Cell Delay Variation

The ANT-20 includes very powerful tools for measuring delay parameters. Once a precise measurement has been made, subsequent measurements usually require only a low-resolution display to allow rapid pass/fail assessment. Delay values are displayed by the ATM Traffic Analyzer as a histogram with a minimum class width equal to 160 ns (maximum 335 ms).

As a result, delay fluctuations are shown graphically with the same resolution. An adjustable offset can be used to maintain measurement accuracy even if the delay values are high, e.g. over international links.

F4/F5 OAM alarm flow

In accordance with I.610 and the ATM forum standard, the status of ATM paths and channels is transmitted in the OAM cell stream (fault management). The ANT-20 generates the alarms VP-AIS, VC-AIS or VP-RDI, VC-RDI for the foreground channel. The receiver simultaneously detects alarms and error messages in the channel and path.

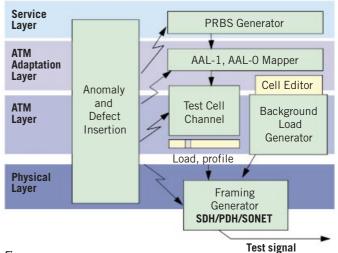


Figure 14: ATM-BERT generator configuration

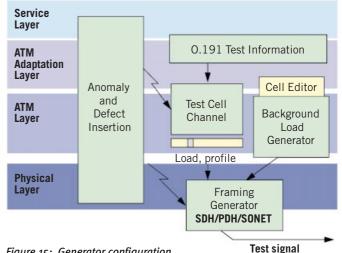


Figure 15: Generator configuration for performance measurement

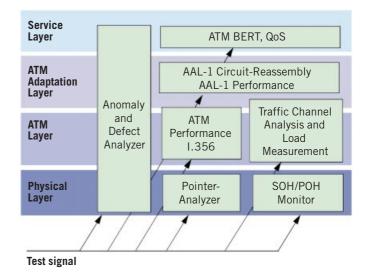


Figure 16: Analyzers in the ANT-20 - A hierarchical overview

The ATM module comprises:

- Generation and analysis of ATM cell streams
- ATM layer cell transfer performance as per ITU-T I.356, O.191
- AAL-1 segmentation/reassembly for circuit emulation
- STM-1/STS-3c with C4 ATM mapping, ITU-T G.707, ANSI T1.105/107
- F4/F5 fault management OAM flow for AIS and RDI as per ITU-T I.610, ATM forum UNI 3.1

Generator unit

Bit rates of the framed cell streams 155.520 Mbit/s Cell scrambler X⁴³+1 (ITU-T)..... can be switched on and off

Test cell channel

Adjustable from 0 to 149.760	Mbit/s
Header setting	editor
Load setting in Mbit/s, Cells,	/sec, %

Test cells, payload pattern

Load profiles

,
Equidistant, setting range 1 to 10000 cell times
Constant Bit Rate (CBR), setting range 0.01% to 100%
Variable Bit Rate (VBR), settings
Peak cell rate
Mean cell rate
Burst size
Burst period 2 to 32 767 cell times

Error insertion

Physical layer as with ANT-20 basic instrument ATM layer, AAL: Correctable and non-correctable header errors AAL-0, cell payload bit errors AAL-1, sequence number errors AAL-1, SAR-PDU bit errors

AAL-1 SNP, CRC errors

AAL-1 SNP, parity errors

Triggering single errors, error ratio, N errors in M cells

Alarm generation

Physical layer as with basic instrument, also: Loss of cell delineation LCD ATM layer (for selected test cell channel): OAM F4/F5 fault flowVP AIS, VP RDI, VP AIS+VC AIS,

VC AIS, VC RDI, VP RDI+VC RDI

Background load generator

transmitted at a selectable repetition rate. Header user-selectable Payload 1 filler byte, user-selectable

For programming user-defined cell sequences. The sequences can be

Circuit emulation

(for selected test cell channel) Generation of 8448, 34 368, 44 736 kbit/s, 2048 kbit/s with PCM30 frame structure

Receiver unit

Bit rates of framed cell streams 155.520 Mbit/s Cell scrambler X⁴³+1 (ITU-T)..... can be switched on and off

Measurement types

Error measurement (anomalies), statistics

Detection of the following error types:

Correctable and non-correctable header errors

AAL-0, cell payload bit errors

AAL-1, sequence number errors

AAL-1, SAR-PDU bit errors

AAL-1 SNP, CRC errors

AAL-1 SNP, parity errors

ATM performance analysis

- Cell error ratio
- Cell loss ratio

- Cell misinsertion rate
- Mean cell transfer delay
- 2-point cell delay variation measured between minimum and maximum cell transfer delay values
- Cell transfer delay histogram Settable offset 0 to 167 ms Offset step width..... 2.5 μs

Alarm detection (defects)

Physical layer as with ANT-20 basic instrument, also: Loss of cell delineation LCD ATM layer (for selected test cell channel): OAM F4/F5 fault flowVP AIS, VP RDI, VC AIS, VC RDI

User channel analysis

Concurrent X-Y chart (load vs. time) for:

- All user cells
- Average cell rate of a selected cell channel
- Peak cell rate of a selected cell channel

Display units Mbit/s, Cells/sec, %

Channel utilization histogram

- All user cells ("assigned cells")
- A selected cell channel ("user cells")

Cell distribution of a selected cell channel with classification by:

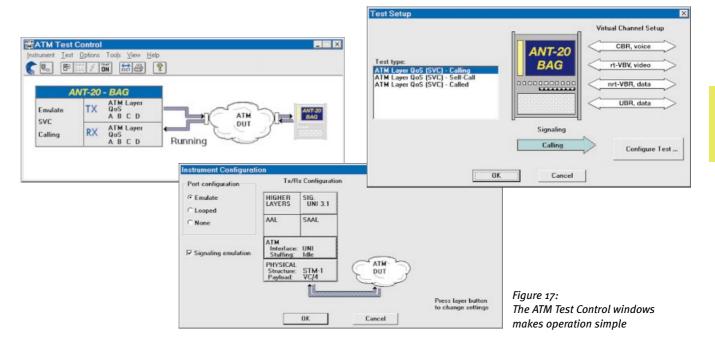
- User cells
- F5 OAM flow
- F4 OAM flow
- User cells with CLP = 1

Circuit reassembly

(for selected test cell channel) Error measurement on an 34 368, 44 736 kbit/s, 2048 kbit/s with PCM30 frame structure

Selection of ready-to-run applications and graphics-supported test settings

The graphical method for making test settings is unique. The way that the ANT-20 is connected to the device under test, the protocol layers and settings included in the test, or the ATM services to be tested can be quickly and easily seen. Users can select from a range of pre-defined test setups or customize their own. Pre-defined ATM channels can be selected from a database or new channels added. Additionally, all characteristics and parameters for each channel are also stored, for example: traffic type, circuit type, header, traffic contract, traffic source. An editor program is provided for defining the test circuits.



Direct testing of all contract parameters

Some of the main tasks facing measurement services are determining whether users are keeping to traffic contracts and how they are doing so, and establishing how the network handles such contracts. These questions can only be answered by means of a test that allows all the major service parameters to be set and measured.

For such applications, the Broadband Module includes an editor that permits all of the contract parameters for the various ATM services to be set for the first time.

For terminal emulation, all contract characteristics and of the traffic model used for the test can be defined with the Channel Editor.

After starting the measurement, the ANT-20 generates test traffic using the selected parameters. This allows direct demonstration of the way that the ATM network handles the user traffic and whether the agreed network resources were in fact available.

The source parameters can be varied on-line during the measurement. This makes it possible to detect policing errors or incorrect network access threshold settings quickly and easily.

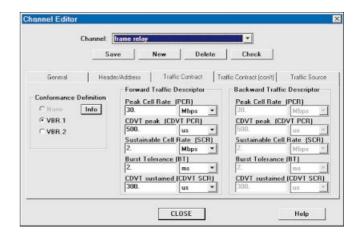


Figure 18: Channel Editor: Setting the traffic descriptor

ATM QoS test with 4 different SVCs

The ANT-20 with BAG can perform SVC and PVC tests on up to 4 circuits simultaneously. Multi-channel services, such as those used for multimedia applications, can thus be simulated.

Any channel type can be selected from the database or newly defined for each channel.

Real-time measurements conform to the ITU-T O.191 standard which defines the test cell format and the test algorithm. Important source parameters can be regulated on-line during the test.

The results are clearly displayed, with graphics elements used to indicate defects or highlight status information.

Signalling analysis

Sequence errors in the signalling protocol adversely affect correct management of ATM services. They can be detected by recording and displaying all channel states and changes of state in chronological order with timestamp information. The ANT-20 constantly monitors the states of the SVCs being tested. The protocol can thus be checked for correctness and any errors detected rapidly. The connection set up time is measured for all test channels.

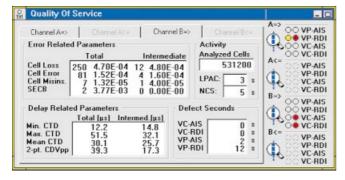


Figure 19: ATM test results for a real-time measurement on channel A

Traffic management and contract optimization

Traffic shaping (single/dual leaky bucket) can be switched on for each ATM channel, even on-line during the measurement.

In addition, the following are displayed per channel with soft LEDs:

- Non Conforming Cells (NCC)
- Dropped Cells (DC)

Using this information it is possible to check whether the UPC (Usage Parameter Control) functions of the network are working and are implemented in compliance with the standard.

At the same time, the degree of utilization of the traffic contracts can be determined.

Using the facilities for simulating all relevant source parameters with up to four competing channels, it is possible to optimize the contract parameters in the network.

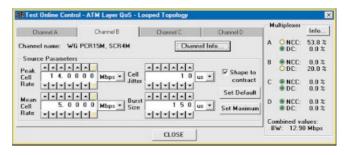


Figure 20: Soft-LED indication of multiplex results

Professional record of results

The ANT-20 generates a professional record of instrument settings and test results that is output from a standard printer.

The record can be used for various purposes, e.g.:

- Guarantee documentation
- Acceptance documentation
- Installation record
- Evidence of adherence to contract, etc.

In other words, the ANT-20 handles the entire process from measurement through to producing a permanent record of the results.

Broadband Analyzer/Generator

The module includes software test functions for

- ATM Test Controller
- ATM Test Results
- ATM Channel Explorer
- STM-1/STS-3c with C4/SPE ATM mapping to ITU-T G.707, I.432 and ANSI T1.105/107

ATM test controller

Instrument port configurations

Emulation	SVCs, PVCs
Looped signal	PVCs

Test cell channels

4 test channels	
settable from	0 to 149.760 Mbit/s
Header setting	via editor
Load setting in	kbit/s, Mbit/s, cells/s
Test cell format	to ITU-T O.191

ATM service categories

Switched circuits and permanent circuits for:	
Constant Bit Rate	BR
Real-time Variable Bit Rate rt-V	BR
Non real-time Variable Bit Rate nrt-V	BR
Deterministic Bit Rate D	BR
Statistical Bit Rate	BR
Unspecified Bit RateU	BR

Signalling emulation
Terminal emulation at the UNI as per ITU-T and
ATM Forum recommendations
Protocol typesUNI 3.0
UNI 3.1
Q.2931
Q.2961
Test types Self-call, 2 SVCs Calling, 4 SVCs

Called, 4 SVCs

ATM channel editor

Traine contract:	
Direction type	unidirectional
	bi-directional symmetrical,
	bi-directional asymmetrical
Traffic descriptor	•
^	n on

Traffic descriptor	•
Peak Cell Rate	PCR
Cell Delay Variation Tolerance peak	CDVT peak
Sustainable Cell Rate	SCR
Burst Tolerance	BT
Cell Delay Variation Tolerance sustained	. CDVT sustained
Source parameters	Cell clumping,
	Burst size
	Mean cell rate

On-line channel settings

Peak cell rate Cell clumping Mean cell rate Burst size

Traffic management

User-selectable snaping	
CBR	 Single leaky bucket
DBR	 Single leaky bucket
rt-VBR	 Dual leaky bucket
nrt-VBR	 Dual leaky bucket
SBR	 Dual leaky bucket
UBR	 Dual leaky bucket

Error insertion

Correctable and uncorrectable header errors Cell loss Cell error Cell misinsertion Severely errored cell blocks

Alarm generation

ATM layer alarms (for all test channels): OAM F4/F5 fault flowVP AIS, VP RDI, VC AIS, VC RDI

ATM test results

Measurement modes

ISM	In-Service Measurement
OoS	Out-of-Service Measurement

Receiver status (ISM, OoS)

Signal load, bandwidth

Correctable and uncorrectable header errors

Errored seconds LCD, physical layer defects

ATM Quality of Service (QoS) for 4 SVCs or 4 PVCs

- Cell error ratio
- Cell loss ratio
- Cell misinsertion rate
- Mean cell transfer delay
- Maximum cell transfer delay
- Minimum cell transfer delay
- 2-point cell delay variation
- Severely errored cell block ratio

Alarm detection, defects (ISM, OoS)

ATM layer alarms (for selected test cell channel): OAM F4/F5 fault flowVP AIS, VP RDI, VC AIS, VC RDI

Signalling analysis

Channel set-up time

Channel status with interpretation and timestamp Representation of ATM QoS for the SVC after clearing down the circuit.

ATM channel explorer (ISM, OoS)

Channel search:

Peak cell rate

Aging (switchable function)

Sorts out inactive channels from the activity list.

AAL analysis:

Automatic determination of AAL type for 1000 ATM channels. Graphic display of distribution.

Trouble scan:

Automatic determination of VC AIS, VC RDI, VP AIS and VP RDI in up to 1000 ATM channels.

ATM Mappings

The ATM mapping options provide further frame structures for interfaces conforming to ITU-T G.804/832/707 and ANSI T1.105/107. Corresponding physical layer measurement functions are offered by the mapping options for the interfaces. These include error and alarm insertion, error measurement and alarm detection.

The following ATM mappings are available:

E4 (140 Mbit/s) ATM mapping Bit rate	BN 3035/90.72 139 264 kbit/s
E3 (34 Mbit/s) ATM mapping Bit rate	BN 3035/90.74 34 368 kbit/s
E1 (2 Mbit/s) ATM mapping Bit rate	BN 3035/90.75 2048 kbit/s
STM-1/VC3 ATM mapping Bit rate	BN 3035/90.77 155 520 kbit/s
STS-1/STS-3 ATM mapping	BN 3035/90.71
STS-1/STS-3 ATM mapping Bit rate STS-1. STS-3 (3×STS-1).	51 840 kbit/s
Bit rate STS-1 STS-3 (3×STS-1) DS3 (45 Mbit/s) ATM mapping and STS-1 DS3 ATM mapping PLCP-based mapping HEC-based mapping	
Bit rate STS-1 STS-3 (3×STS-1) DS3 (45 Mbit/s) ATM mapping and STS-1 DS3 ATM mapping PLCP-based mapping	

OC-12c/STM-4c ATM testing BN	N 3035/90.91	Error measurement, anomalies, statistics
		Detection of following error types:
Only in conjunction with BN 3035/90.70 and BN 30	35/90.46	Correctable and non-correctable header errors
or BN 3035/90.47 or BN 3035/90.48		AAL-0, cell payload bit error
		AAL 1 CAR POLIT
Signal structure (TC sublayer) contiguous concatena	ntion to T1.646,	AAL-1, SAR-PDU bit error
I.432 and af-phy-0046.000		AAL-1 SNP, CRC error
Cell scrambler X ⁴³ +1 (ITU-T)	can be switched off	AAL-1 SNP, parity error
Test cell channel		ATM performance analysis
Adjustable from	0 to 149 760 Mbit/s	- Cell error ratio
Header setting.		 Cell loss ratio
Load setting in		 Cell misinsertion rate
Loud setting in	wildings, Gens, see, 70	 Mean cell transfer delay
Test cells, pay load pattern		 2-point cell delay variation
AAL-0, pseudorandom bit sequences		Measured between greatest and smallest value of
(PRBS)	2^{11} -1, 2^{15} -1, 2^{23} -1	cell transfer delay
AAL-1, pseudorandom bit sequences	, ,	 Cell transfer delay histogram:
(PRBS)	2^{11} -1, 2^{15} -1, 2^{23} -1	Number of classes
Programmable word, length	16 bits	Min. class width
Test cells for ATM performance analysis:		Max. class width
Sequence number	3 bytes	Adjustable offset
Timestamp		Offset steps 2.5 μs
Error checking		
		Alarm detection, defects (ISM, OoS)
Load profiles		Loss of cell delineation LCD
Equidistant, setting range 4 to 4	40 000 cell times +1	ATM layer (for any selected cell channel):
CBR		OAM F4/F5 fault flow:
Constant, setting range	0.01% to 25%	VP AIS, VP RDI, VC AIS, VC RDI
VBR		
Peak cell rate	1% to 25%	Traffic channel analysis
Mean cell rate	1% to 25%	Time chart simultaneously for
Burst size	4 to 4092 cell times	- All traffic cells
Burst period 8 to	o 131 068 cell times	- Average cell rate of any selected cell channel
		- Peak cell rate of any selected cell channel
Error insertion		Display in Mbit/s, Cells/sec, %
Physical layer like basic ANT-20 instrument		
ATM layer, AAL:		Channel utilization histogram
Correctable and non-correctable header errors		- All assigned cells
AAL-0, cell payload bit error		- One selected cell channel (user cells)
AAL-1, sequence number error		Cell distribution in traffic channel
AAL-1, SAR-PDU bit error		Classification of one selected cell channel by
AAL-1 SNP, CRC error		- User cells
AAL-1 SNP, parity error		- F5 OAM flow
Resolution:		- F4 OAM flow
Single error, error ratio, M errors in N cells		- User cells with CLP = 1
A1		Coci cello with CEI – I
Alarm generation	LCD	Circuit reassembly
Loss of cell delineation	D	Reassembly
ATM layer (for any selected cell channel): OAM F4/F5 fault flow:		Error measurement on asynchronous channels:
		1.544, 2.048, 6.312, 8.448, 34.368, 44.736 kbit/s, 2.048 kbit/s with
VP AIS, VP RDI, VP AIS+VC AIS VC AIS, VC RDI, VP RDI+VC RDI		PCM30 frame structure
volue, volkbi, vi kbi volkbi		
Background load generator		
1 ATM channel can be switched ON/OFF		
Header	freely definable	
Payload 1 fill		
CBR	•	
Character and Last		
Circuit emulation		
Generation of asynchronous channels:	0 l-bi+/ai+l-	
1.544, 2.048, 6.312, 8.448, 34.368, 44.736 kbit/s, 2.04	o koil/s with	
PCM30 frame structure	AAI 1 TTII T I 262	
ATM channel segmentation	ML-1, 11 U-1 1.303	

BN 3035/90.91

Error measurement, anomalies, statistics

OC-12c/STM-4c ATM testing

AUTO – Remote

ANT-20 applications in the remote controlled production environment

V.24/RS232 Remote Control Interface Remote control of instrument functions using SCPI command structure BN 3035/91.01

GPIB (PCMCIA) Remote Control Interface BN 3035/92.10

LabWindows driver BN 3038/95.99

Simplifies creation of remote-control programs for automated testing using LabWindows. The driver can be used with options BN 3035/91.01 and BN 3035/92.10.

applications, such as BERTs, alarm sensor tests, jitter, offset and pointer tests and monitoring ATM quality of service (QoS) parameters. Once created, test sequences are started with a single mouse click. A report in ASCII format for documentation purposes is compiled during the measurement. All test cases are pre-defined and ready to run. They can also be easily customized.

More information is found in the data sheet "Test Automation and Remote Control".

Test Sequencer CATS PROFESSIONAL

BN 3035/95.95

In many cases, especially in Design Verification, R&D, Regression Testing, Manufacturing and Conformance Testing it is not sufficient to automate a single test set. Rather, the software application has to deal with a number of test sets from different vendors, and in most cases it is also necessary to include the 'System under Test' into an automated setup.

The CATS PROFESSIONAL package is designed to make it easy to integrate the ANT-20 into such test environments, by making existing CATS test routines available in such a way that they will run not only in a self-contained manner, but also as ready-made 'plug-ins' into the customer's own test solution.

Test Sequencer CATS BASIC BN 3035/95.90

The Test Sequencer is the ideal tool for rapid, simple adaptation and automatic performance of complete test sequences on the ANT-20 (CATS = Computer Aided Test Sequencer). This saves time where repetitive tests are required in the production, installation and monitoring of SDH, SONET and ATM network elements. The comprehensive test case library includes solutions for various

Set Up ANT-20 Error Tests Sensor Tests Jitter Tests Test Report

Figure 21: Automatic test sequences with the ANT-20

Remote operation

BN 3035/95.30

These options allow operation of the ANT-20 from a Windows PC. The complete ANT-20 user interface is transferred to the PC screen via modem or LAN link. This means that all the functions of the instrument can be used from any remote location. The results are simply transferred to the controlling PC for further processing. Applications include troubleshooting networks or centralized operation of test instrumentation and devices in the production and system test environment.

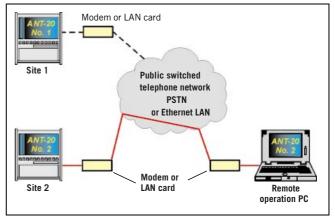


Figure 22: Remote operation of the ANT-20

The package provides remote operation via a PCMCIA or external modem (V.24/RS232) which must be purchased separately or provides remote operation via a Ethernet Socket.

Ordering Information

ANT-20 Advanced Network Tester, SONET version		Optical Attenuator (plug-in) SC-PC, 1310 nm, 15 dB	BN 2060/00.61
(Includes one selectable STS-1 mapping) With color TFT display	BN 3035/42	Optical power splitter (90%/10%)	BN 3035/90.49
		Optical test adapters	
Options		ST type (AT&T) HMS-10/A, HFS-13/A (Diamond)	BN 2060/00.32 BN 2060/00.34
Options		HMS-10, HFS-13 (Diamond)	BN 2060/00.35
Touchscreen	BN 3035/93.11	"Keyed Biconic", Twist-Proof (AT&T)	BN 2060/00.37
CPU RAM expansion to 128 MB	BN 3035/92.25	D4 (NEC)	BN 2060/00.40
		DIN 47256 FC, FC-PC (NTT)	BN 2060/00.50 BN 2060/00.51
STS-1 mappings VT1.5 SPE/STM-0 (1.5 Mbit/s in STS-1)	DNI 2025/00 10	E 2000 (Diamond)	BN 2060/00.53
VT6 SPE (6 Mbit/s in STS-1)	BN 3035/90.10 BN 3035/90.11	SC, SC-PC (NTT)	BN 2060/00.58
STS-1 SPE/STM-0 (45 Mbit/s in STS-1)	BN 3035/90.12		,
VT2 SPE/STM-0 (2 Mbit/s in STS-1)	BN 3035/90.13	Acterna offers a wide range of optical power meters, so attenuators. Contact your local sales representative for	
STS-3c SPE (140 Mbit/s in STS-3)	BN 3035/90.03	attenuators. Contact your local sales representative for	details.
If you order more than 2 additional mappings you can get a discount. Please refer to the price list.		0.172 Jitter and wander	
Extended Overhead Analysis	BN 3035/90.15	O.172 Jitter Generator up to 155 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.81
Extended Overnead Analysis	DIN 3033/90.13	O.172 Jitter Meter up to 155 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.82
Drop & Insert	BN 3035/90.20	O.172 Jitter Generator 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.83
2.56 555	21, 2022, 30.20	requires BN 3035/90.81 O.172 Jitter Meter 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.84
M13 Mux/Demux	BN 3035/90.32	requires BN 3035/90.82	DIV 3033/70.01
		O.172 Wander Generator up to 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.85
Optical interfaces		requires BN 3035/90.81 for up to 155 Mbit/s and /90.83 for 622 M O.172 Wander Analyzer up to 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.86
The following options, BN 3035/90.43 to /90.48, are alternatives. Optical OC-1/3, STM-0/1, 1310 nm	BN 3035/90.43	requires BN 3035/90.82 for up to 155 Mbit/s	
Optical OC-1/3, STM-0/1, 1550 nm	BN 3035/90.44	and /90.84 for 622 Mbit/s O.172 MTIE/TDEV Off-line Analysis	BN 3035/95.21
Optical OC-1/3, STM-0/1, 1310 & 1550 nm	BN 3035/90.45	requires BN 3035/90.86 for up to 622 Mbit/s	DIV 3033/73.21
Optical OC-1/3/12, STM-0/1/4, 1310 nm	BN 3035/90.46		
Optical OC-1/3/12, STM-0/1/4, 1550 nm Optical OC-1/3/12, STM-0/1/4,	BN 3035/90.47	0.172 Jitter and wander packages	
1310 & 1550 nm	BN 3035/90.48	0.1/2 fitter and wander packages	
The options BN 3035/91.53, /91.54, /91.59 are alternatives.		O.172 Jitter/Wander Packet up to 155 Mbit/s	BN 3035/91.29
Optical OC-48, STM-16, 1310 nm	BN 3035/91.54	includes MTIE/TDEV offline analysis O.172 Jitter/Wander Packet up to 622 Mbit/s	BN 3035/91.31
Optical OC-48, STM-16, 1550 nm	BN 3035/91.53	includes MTIE/TDEV offline analysis	D1(3033) 71.31
Optical OC-48, STM-16,	DNI 2025/01-50		
1310/1550 nm switchable	BN 3035/91.59	ATM functions	
OC-12c/STM-4c Options		Aim functions	
OC-12c/STM-4c Bit Error Tester	BN 3035/90.90	ATM module for STM-1/STS-3c	BN 3035/90.70
requires Optical Module BN 3035/90.46, /90.47 or /90.48 OC-12c/STM-4c ATM Testing	BN 3035/90.91	ATM Broadband Analyzer/Generator module	BN 3035/90.80
requires Optical Module BN 3035/90.46, /90.47 or /90.48	B1(3033) 70.71	ATM PVC & SVC Testing package includes BN 3035/90.70 and /90.80	BN 3035/91.81
and ATM Module BN 3035/90.70	DNI 2025/00-02		
OC-12c/STM-4c Virtual Concatenation requires BN 3035/90.90 or /90.91	BN 3035/90.92	Additional ATM mappings	
•		(requires ATM module BN 3035/90.70 or BN 3035/90.80)	DNI 2025/00 72
OC-48c/STM-16c Option		E4 (140 Mbit/s) ATM mapping ¹⁾ E3 (34 Mbit/s) ATM mapping ¹⁾	BN 3035/90.72 BN 3035/90.74
OC-48c/STM-16c Bit Error Tester (Bulk)	BN 3035/90.93	E1 (2 Mbit/s) ATM mapping 1)	BN 3035/90.75
Ontical Deckares		STS-1 (51 Mbit/s) ATM mapping	BN 3035/90.71
Optical Packages include optical interfaces from 52 Mbit/s to 2488 Mbit/s and four		DS3 (45 Mbit/s) ATM mapping ²⁾	BN 3035/90.73
optical adapters - please select; not included STM-16c/OC-48c, ST		DS1 (1.5 Mbit/s) ATM mapping ²⁾ VC-3 ATM mapping in STM-1 (AU-3/AU-4)	BN 3035/90.76 BN 3035/90.77
Optics OC-1/3/12/48, STM-0/1/4/16, 1310 nm includes BN 3035/90.46, /91.54	BN 3035/91.17	. 5 711111 mapping in 51101-1 (AO-3/AO-4)	DI (5033) 30.77
Optics OC-1/3/12/48, STM-0/1/4/16, 1550 nm	BN 3035/91.18	1) For SONET versions BN 3035/42 and BN 3038/12, option BN 3035/90.33 is required	
includes BN 3035/90.47, /91.53	DNI 2027/01-15	2) For SDH versions BN 3035/41 and BN 3038/11,	
Optics OC-1/3/12/48, STM-0/1/4/16, 1310 & 1550 nm includes BN 3035/90.48, /91.59	BN 3035/91.19	option BN 3035/90.34 is required	
Optics OC-1/3/12, 1310 nm, STM-0/1/4, OC-48, STM-16, 1550 nm	BN 3035/91.23	OC-12c/STM-4c ATM Testing requires Optical Module BN 3035/90.46, /90.47 or /90.48	BN 3035/90.91
includes BN 3035/90.46, /91.53	D14 5055) 71.23	and ATM Module BN 3035/90.46, 790.47 or 790.46	

SDH/PDH functions

BN 3035/90.01
BN 3035/90.02
BN 3035/90.03
BN 3035/90.04
BN 3035/90.05
BN 3035/90.06

STM-0 mappings (see STS-1 mappings)

PDH functions	
BERT 2/8/34/140 Mbit/s	BN 3035/90.33
PDH 64k/140M MUX/DEMUX chain	BN 3035/90.30
PDH 64k/140M DEMUX chain	BN 3035/90.31

Remote Control Interfaces

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BN 3035/92.10
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Remote Operation

Remote Operation	BN 3035/95.30
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ANT-20 product family



ANT-20SE – combination and parallel operation of all bit rates up to OC-48 with jitter/wander up to 2.5 Gbit/s and ATM in a single unit. Now also with OC-192 optical interfaces.

ANT-10Gig – is a subset of the ANT-20SE. This test solution handles OC-192c/STM-64c, taking you one step further into the future. It offers access to all standard interfaces from 1.5 Mbit/s up to 10 Gbit/s.

Test automation

Test Sequencer CATS BASIC	BN 3035/95.90
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Calibration report

(Calibration is carried out in accordance with quality management system certified to ISO 9001.)

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Soft case	BN 3035/92.02
External keyboard (UK/US)	BN 3035/92.04
Decoupler (-20 dB, 1.6/5.6 jack plug)	BN 3903/63
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ANT-20 – Compact and handy for field work. It offers one extension slot for OC-48, Jitter up to OC-12 or Comprehensive ATM testing.





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