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Melsec-Output Module



\$175.00

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MITSUBISHI

PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER

Type A1SD75P1/P2/P3 Positioning Unit
AD75P1/P2/P3

User's Manual
<Supplementary Manual>

 **MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION**

BCN-P5133-*

1. Corrigenda

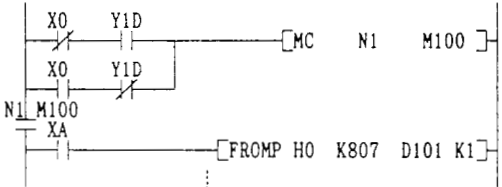
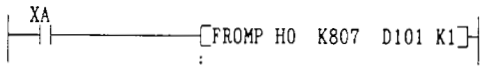
Page	Mistake	Correction																		
1-16	Correction of 2-axis circular interpolation in Table 1.1																			
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2-axis circular interpolation	○	×																		
3-36	Correction of positioning complete signal ON/OFF timing in drawing																			
3-37	Addition of precaution for start complete signal at start of external positioning run	(b) Start of external positioning run 4) When starting with an external start signal, the start complete signal will not turn ON.																		
3-44	Addition and correction of point (1) details																			
	(1) In interpolation control, only the travel direction of the <u>applicable</u> axis is checked. Therefore, automatic deceleration is not performed as long as the travel direction on the reference axis remains unchanged. This may result in sudden direction reversal on the other interpolation axis.	(1) In interpolation control, only the travel direction of the <u>reference</u> axis is checked. Therefore, automatic deceleration is not performed as long as the travel direction on the reference axis remains unchanged. This may result in sudden direction reversal on the other interpolation axis. <u>To avoid sudden reversal of the partner axis, do not use the continuous path control (11) for the passing point, and instead use continuous positioning control (01).</u>																		
3-48	Correction of 10th line																			
	The positioning address and arc data for each axis are used.	The positioning address and arc data <u>set in the same positioning data No.</u> for each axis is used.																		
3-48	Addition of precaution for interpolation																			
		When interpolating with the continuous positioning control and continuous path control, interpolate from the first positioning data No. to the (run pattern: 00) positioning data No. If the positioning data No. set in each point for the positioning start data in block start is interpolation, all points must be interpolation.																		

Page	Mistake	Correction																		
3-78	Addition of (b) details to (8)	(b) Change of speed during zero point return The speed cannot be changed after the creeping speed is entered.																		
3-81	Correction of (4) (d) section (d) For the manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification, set the value for the relevant axis. <u>If the magnification is outside the setting range, an axis error will occur, and manual pulse generator operation will not be performed. In such a case, input pulses from the manual pulse will be ignored.</u>	(d) For the manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification, set the value for the relevant axis. <u>The manual pulser will run with the following values when the value is not in the setting range.</u> • <u>If the input scale per pulse of the manual pulser is 101 or higher, the pulser will run at 100.</u> • <u>If the input scale per pulse of the manual pulser is 0 or less, the pulser will run at 1.</u>																		
3-83	Correction of [Remarks] 2) Buffer memory address <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Axis No.</th><th>Axis 1</th><th>Axis 2</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Buffer memory address</td><td>1161,1160</td><td>1201,1200</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Axis No.	Axis 1	Axis 2	Buffer memory address	1161,1160	1201,1200	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Axis No.</th><th>Axis 1</th><th>Axis 2</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Buffer memory address</td><td>1161,1160</td><td>1211,1210</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Axis No.	Axis 1	Axis 2	Buffer memory address	1161,1160	1211,1210						
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3-83	Correction of (4) (a) section (a) When the stop signal is turned ON during JOG start, axis motion decelerates to a stop. <u>The start complete signal is turned OFF concurrently.</u>	(a) When the stop signal is turned ON during JOG start, axis motion decelerates to a stop.																		
3-86	Correction of [Remarks] 1) Buffer memory address <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Axis No.</th><th>Axis 1</th><th>Axis 2</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Buffer memory address</td><td>Speed change value</td><td>1157,1156</td></tr> <tr> <td>Speed change request</td><td>1158</td><td>1198</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Axis No.	Axis 1	Axis 2	Buffer memory address	Speed change value	1157,1156	Speed change request	1158	1198	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Axis No.</th><th>Axis 1</th><th>Axis 2</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Buffer memory address</td><td>Speed change value</td><td>1157,1156</td></tr> <tr> <td>Speed change request</td><td>1158</td><td>1208</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Axis No.	Axis 1	Axis 2	Buffer memory address	Speed change value	1157,1156	Speed change request	1158	1208
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3-91	Correction of stop process in example 																			

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3-92	Addition to [Remarks] 1) Buffer memory address																																									
	<table><tr><th>Axis No.</th><th></th><th>Axis 2</th><th>Axis 3</th></tr><tr><td>Upper stroke limit</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Lower stroke limit</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Software limit selection</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Invalidating the software limit during JOG operation and manual pulse generator operation</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	Axis No.		Axis 2	Axis 3	Upper stroke limit				Lower stroke limit				Software limit selection				Invalidating the software limit during JOG operation and manual pulse generator operation				<table><tr><th>Axis No.</th><th></th><th>Axis 2</th><th>Axis 3</th></tr><tr><td>Upper stroke limit</td><td></td><td><u>166,167</u></td><td><u>316,317</u></td></tr><tr><td>Lower stroke limit</td><td></td><td><u>168,169</u></td><td><u>318,319</u></td></tr><tr><td>Software limit selection</td><td></td><td><u>170</u></td><td><u>320</u></td></tr><tr><td>Invalidating the software limit during JOG operation and manual pulse generator operation</td><td></td><td><u>171</u></td><td><u>321</u></td></tr></table>	Axis No.		Axis 2	Axis 3	Upper stroke limit		<u>166,167</u>	<u>316,317</u>	Lower stroke limit		<u>168,169</u>	<u>318,319</u>	Software limit selection		<u>170</u>	<u>320</u>	Invalidating the software limit during JOG operation and manual pulse generator operation		<u>171</u>	<u>321</u>
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3-93	Correction of (4) (a) section																																									
	(a) If the electronic gear setting value is too <u>great</u> , the <u>commanded</u> speed may exceed the speed control value, causing the servomotor to operate at too high a speed.	(a) If the electronic gear setting value is too <u>small</u> , the <u>real</u> speed may exceed the speed control value, causing the servomotor to operate at too high a speed.																																								
3-96	Correction of (c) section																																									
	(c) Set the speed control limit, acceleration time, deceleration time, and rapid stop deceleration time by specifying their respective parameters.	(c) When the M code ON signal is turned ON, the M code OFF request must be turned ON with the sequence program, and the M code ON signal must be turned OFF. If the M code ON signal is not turned OFF, the process will be as shown below according to the run pattern.																																								
3-105	Correction of (c) section																																									
	(c) A speed change can be executed at any given point during the following positioning operation by turning ON either the positioning speed change request in the control axis data or the positioning external speed change signal in the external signals.	(c) By turning the axis control data run speed change request ON or by turning the external signal external speed change ON, the speed can be changed at a random point.																																								
3-106	Correction of (2) (d) Buffer memory address																																									
	<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Reference axis</th><th colspan="2">Buffer memory</th></tr><tr><th>Speed change</th><th>Speed change request</th></tr><tr><td>Axis 1</td><td>1156,1157</td><td>1158</td></tr><tr><td>Axis 2</td><td><u>1056,1057</u></td><td>1208</td></tr><tr><td>Axis 3</td><td>1256,1257</td><td><u>1358</u></td></tr></table>	Reference axis	Buffer memory		Speed change	Speed change request	Axis 1	1156,1157	1158	Axis 2	<u>1056,1057</u>	1208	Axis 3	1256,1257	<u>1358</u>	<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Reference axis</th><th colspan="2">Buffer memory</th></tr><tr><th>At speed change</th><th>Speed change request</th></tr><tr><td>Axis 1</td><td>1156,1157</td><td>1158</td></tr><tr><td>Axis 2</td><td><u>1206,1207</u></td><td>1208</td></tr><tr><td>Axis 3</td><td>1256,1257</td><td><u>1258</u></td></tr></table>	Reference axis	Buffer memory		At speed change	Speed change request	Axis 1	1156,1157	1158	Axis 2	<u>1206,1207</u>	1208	Axis 3	1256,1257	<u>1258</u>												
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3-107	Addition of (g) explanation																																									
	(g) Even when the operation pattern is set to continuous locus control (11), an immediate speed change can be executed upon receiving a speed change request.	(g) Even when the operation pattern is set to continuous locus control (11), an immediate speed change can be executed upon receiving a speed change request. <u>However, if the distance required to change to the designated speed is not secured, the speed cannot be changed.</u>																																								
3-111	Correction of (2) (a) section																																									
	(a) If the step enable signal has been turned ON, the BUSY signal is turned ON when the positioning start signal is turned ON, performing the first-point positioning designated in the positioning start table.	(a) Set the step valid flag ON beforehand, and turn the positioning start signal <u>ON</u> .																																								

Page	Mistake	Correction
3-111	Change of (2) (e) section	
	(e) Once the first-point positioning has started, the next positioning step is performed if the step start data is set to 01H when the axis operation status is step standby.	(e) If the step start information is set to 01H while the axis run state is the step wait state, the next positioning step will be executed.
3-111	Deletion of (2) (f)	
	(f) When step operation is performed continuously, it is first confirmed that the step start data is set to 00H (by the OS), then the step start data is set to 01H.	—
3-111	Correction of (2) (g) section	
	(g) Once the first-point positioning has started, the stopped processing of positioning data restarts if the step start data is set to 01H or 02H when the axis operation status is step-stopped.	(g) If the step start information is set to 01H or 02H while the axis run state is the step stop state, the stopped positioning data will be restarted.
3-112	Correction of (2) (j) section	
	(j) When the axis operation status is step standby, step-stopped, or step error with the step effective signal ON, the first-point positioning step will be performed upon turning ON the positioning start signal again.	(j) If the positioning start signal is turned ON again while step waiting for the step valid signal ON, while step stopped or during a step error, the step for positioning the positioning No. designated with the positioning start No. will be executed.
3-117	Correction of buffer memory address	
	... Set 500 _H in buffer memory address <u>1138</u> .	... Set 500 _H in buffer memory address <u>1105</u> .
3-118	Correction of buffer memory address	
	... Set 600 _H in buffer memory address <u>1138</u> Set 500 _H in buffer memory address <u>1138</u> .	... Set 600 _H in buffer memory address <u>1105</u> Set 500 _H in buffer memory address <u>1105</u> .
3-120	Addition of explanation to (2) (e)	
	(e) If it is not possible to secure a sufficient distance for this function to change the current speed to the designated override speed, the current speed is changed to the highest possible speed within the given distance.	(e) If it is not possible to secure a sufficient distance for this function to change the current speed to the designated override speed, the current speed is changed to the highest possible speed within the given distance. <u>However, if the run pattern is the continuous path control, the speed will not be changed.</u>
3-120	Correction of (2) (h) section	
	(h) If the feed speed of 1 or less results from setting an override value of 100% or less, a warning (warning No.110) occurs, while the feed is performed at the speed of "1" in the current speed units.	(h) If an override value of 100% or less is set and the feedrate is 1 or less, run will take place at the speed unit 1.
3-120	Addition of (i) to (2)	
	—	(i) If the set override value is not in the setting range, run will take place at the following values. • When 0% : Run at 100% • When 301% or higher: Run at 300%
3-122	Change of (1) explanation	
	(1) Feedrate, feed mechanical value address The feedrate, feed mechanical value address is a ring address <u>between 0 and 360°</u> .	(1) Feedrate, feed mechanical value address The feedrate, feed mechanical value address is a ring address <u>between 0 and 359.99999°</u> .

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3-148	Addition of command code to control methods in Table 3.8																																																							
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3-157	Correction of X4, X5, X6 section																																																							
	In manual pulse generator operation, it is ON during positioning in accordance with pulse input from the manual pulse generator.	During revised path pulser run, the in-manual pulser enable flag ON will turn ON.																																																						
3-158	Correction of Y10, Y11, Y12 section																																																							
	When the start signal is turned ON during BUSY, <u>a multiple</u> start warning is issued.	When the start signal is turned ON during BUSY, <u>the running</u> start warning is issued.																																																						
3-158	Correction of Y1D explanation (d)																																																							
	Turn the AD75 ready signal <u>OFF</u>.	Turn the AD75 ready signal <u>ON</u>.																																																						
3-162	Correction of start complete signal run timing in drawing for (4)																																																							
3-163	Correction of BUSY signal ON/OFF timing in drawing for (5)																																																							

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3-169	Deletion of unit scale limits in table for (1)							
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3-169	Change of speed limit value unit in table for (2)							
	<table><tr><td>Speed limit value</td><td>1~600000000 × 10⁻² μm/min</td><td></td></tr></table>	Speed limit value	1~600000000 × 10 ⁻² μm/min		<table><tr><td>Speed limit value</td><td>1~600000000 × 10⁻² mm/min</td><td></td></tr></table>	Speed limit value	1~600000000 × 10 ⁻² mm/min	
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3-187	Correction of setting range for speed/position changeover control movement rate change register							
	0~2147483647	1~2147483647						
3-187	Correction of setting range for manual pulser one pulse input scale							
	<table><tr><td>1~100000 ×10⁻¹ μm</td><td>1~100000 ×10⁻¹ inch</td><td>1~100000 ×10⁻¹ degree</td><td>1~100000 ×10⁻¹ pulse</td></tr></table>	1~100000 ×10 ⁻¹ μm	1~100000 ×10 ⁻¹ inch	1~100000 ×10 ⁻¹ degree	1~100000 ×10 ⁻¹ pulse	<table><tr><td>1~100</td></tr></table>	1~100	
1~100000 ×10 ⁻¹ μm	1~100000 ×10 ⁻¹ inch	1~100000 ×10 ⁻¹ degree	1~100000 ×10 ⁻¹ pulse					
1~100								
3-188	Addition of positioning start point No. area							
		<table><tr><td>1178</td><td>1228</td><td>1278</td><td>Positioning start point No.</td><td>Set the start point No. for executing positioning (block start). 1 to 50: Start from designated No. Other than the above: Start from the first point</td></tr></table>	1178	1228	1278	Positioning start point No.	Set the start point No. for executing positioning (block start). 1 to 50: Start from designated No. Other than the above: Start from the first point	
1178	1228	1278	Positioning start point No.	Set the start point No. for executing positioning (block start). 1 to 50: Start from designated No. Other than the above: Start from the first point				
4-1	Change of reference section							
	Monitor with the AD75 17-segment LED and LED for axis display. (Refer to section 4.7)	Monitor with the AD75 17-segment LED and LED for axis display. (Refer to section 4.6)						
4-15	Change of details explained in (Procedure 5) (3).							
	(3) When the mode switch is pressed, the condition is switched to internal information monitor 2, which is described in step 5.	(3) When the mode switch is pressed, the state of the input/output information n monitor shown in (Procedure 6) will be moved to.						
5-2	Change of program example (Deletion of MC N1 M100)							
								

Page	Mistake	Correction								
6-7	Change of program example									
	High speed zero point return start command	High speed zero point return start command								
7-11	Correction of M code OFF request write program (Same for pages 7-12 and 7-14)									
	M code OFF command	M code OFF command								
7-13	Correction of buffer memory address used in program example (Data transfer, input/output signal)	(Data transfer, input/output signal)								
	AD75 buffer memory <table><tr><td>1150</td><td>Positioning start signal</td></tr><tr><td>1179</td><td>Positioning start point No.</td></tr></table>	1150	Positioning start signal	1179	Positioning start point No.	AD75 buffer memory <table><tr><td>1150</td><td>Positioning start signal</td></tr><tr><td>1178</td><td>Positioning start point No.</td></tr></table>	1150	Positioning start signal	1178	Positioning start point No.
1150	Positioning start signal									
1179	Positioning start point No.									
1150	Positioning start signal									
1178	Positioning start point No.									
7-13	Correction of buffer memory address used in program example Start point No. (buffer memory address 1179)	Start point No. (buffer memory address 1178)								
7-14	Correction of buffer memory address used in program example									
8-5	Correction of positioning start complete (X1) signal timing in program example									
	Positioning start complete (X1)	Positioning start complete (X1) Do not turn ON/OFF during jogging								
9-6	Correction of program example									
	Pulser run enable command	Pulser run enable command								
10-6	Correction of program example									
	External start valid command	External start valid command								

Page	Mistake	Correction															
12-6	Deletion of data register (D45), AD75 buffer memory (30)																
	<table><tr><td>D44</td><td>0</td><td>(Do not run manual pulser)</td><td>29</td><td>Manual pulser selection</td></tr><tr><td>D45</td><td>0</td><td>(Positive logic)</td><td>30</td><td>Select pulse output logic to drive unit</td></tr></table>	D44	0	(Do not run manual pulser)	29	Manual pulser selection	D45	0	(Positive logic)	30	Select pulse output logic to drive unit	<table><tr><td>D44</td><td>0</td><td>(Do not run manual pulser)</td><td>29</td><td>Manual pulser selection</td></tr></table>	D44	0	(Do not run manual pulser)	29	Manual pulser selection
D44	0	(Do not run manual pulser)	29	Manual pulser selection													
D45	0	(Positive logic)	30	Select pulse output logic to drive unit													
D44	0	(Do not run manual pulser)	29	Manual pulser selection													
12-7	Correction of buffer memory address used in program example																
	<pre>graph LR Y1D --- B1 B1 --- T0_1[T0 K15] T0_1 --- D30[D30 K16] B1 --- B2 B2 --- T0_2[T0 K36] T0_2 --- D46[D46 K27] B1 --- B3 B3 --- M0[M0 SET]</pre>	<pre>graph LR Y1D --- B1 B1 --- T0_1[T0 K15] T0_1 --- D30[D30 K15] B1 --- B2 B2 --- T0_2[T0 K36] T0_2 --- D46[D46 K27] B1 --- B3 B3 --- M0[M0 SET]</pre>															

2. Additional explanation on condition data (section 3.4.7)

The condition data is used to judge conditions when executing conditional start, wait start and simultaneous start.

The condition data can be created in the buffer memory as condition data No. 1 to 10.

Axis No.	Buffer memory address
Axis 1	4400~4499
Axis 2	4650~4749
Axis 3	4900~4990

One condition data item is configured of a condition identifier and three parameters (address, parameter 1, parameter 2).

Configuration of condition data		
Condition identifier	.....	16-bit
Open	.....	16-bit
— Address —	.....	32-bit
— Parameter 1 —	.....	32-bit
— Parameter 2 —	.....	32-bit
— Open —	.....	32-bit

The range of each parameter in the condition data is checked when the positioning data No. is executed. If the setting of each parameter in the condition data is not within the range, an error will occur and the data will not be executed.

(1) Condition identifier

The condition identifier has a condition target and condition operator for judging the condition.

(a) Condition target

The target for condition judgment is set in the condition target.

The following five types of condition targets are available.

Condition target	Command code
Device X	01 _H
Device Y	02 _H
Buffer memory (16-bit)	03 _H
Buffer memory (32-bit)	04 _H
Positioning data	05 _H

(b) Condition operator

- ① The condition operator sets the method for calculating according to the condition target.
The following 14 types of condition operators are available.

Condition operator		Relation of condition target and parameter	Command code	Command target that can be designated
Normal operator	=	$n = (\text{parameter } 1)$	1 _H	Buffer memory (16/32-bit)
	≠	$n \neq (\text{parameter } 1)$	2 _H	
	≤	$n \leq (\text{parameter } 1)$	3 _H	
	≥	$n \geq (\text{parameter } 1)$	4 _H	
Range operator	Range designation 1	$(\text{Parameter } 1) \leq n \leq (\text{parameter } 2)^{*1}$	5 _H	Buffer memory (16/32-bit)
	Range designation 2	$n \geq (\text{parameter } 1), n \geq (\text{parameter } 2)$	6 _H	
Bit operator	ON	Parameter 1 ON	7 _H	Device X
	OFF	Parameter 1 OFF	8 _H	Device Y
Simultaneous start	Axis designation	Axis 1 designation	9 _H	Positioning data No.
		Axis 2 designation	A _H	
		Axis 1 and Axis 2 designation	B _H	
		Axis 3 designation	C _H	
		Axis 1 and Axis 3 designation	D _H	
		Axis 2 and Axis 3 designation	E _H	

② Judgment of condition operator "=", "≠"

The special start commands for executing condition judgment include "conditional start", "wait start" and "FOR (condition)".

The processes of the condition operators "=" and "≠" differ during condition judgment of the above special start commands.

a. Conditional start

During conditional start, the value used for condition judgment is the instant value during judgment.

Thus, if "=" is used, the conditions usually will not be established.

On the other hand, if "≠" is used, the conditions will always be established.

Use the range operator to prevent the above phenomenon.

b. Wait start, FOR (condition)

The condition judgment is controlled with the AD75 control cycle.

Thus, even if the conditions are not established with the current control cycle, if they are established at the next control cycle, wait and FOR will be completed.

[Remarks]

- 1) *1: During range designation 1, an error will occur if (parameter 1) > (parameter 2).

(2) Address

- (a) The address is used to designate the buffer memory address used when the condition operator is a "normal operator" or "range operator".
The condition judgment is done with the value of the buffer memory designated with the address and the parameter 1 and 2 values.
- (b) The address is not used when the condition target is "device X", "device Y" or "positioning data No.".

(3) Parameter 1

- (a) Parameter 1 is the data set when the condition operator is a "normal operator", "range operator", "bit operator" or "positioning data No.".
- (b) The data that is set differs according to the operator being used.

Condition target	Normal operator/range operator	Bit operator
Device X	—	Bit No.
Device Y	—	Bit No.
Buffer memory (16-bit)	Numerical value	—
Buffer memory (32-bit)	Numerical value	—

If the condition operator is "simultaneous start", the positioning data No. of the partner axis to be simultaneously started is set. (Refer to (5).)

(4) Parameter 2

- (a) Parameter 2 is used to set the data required for the range operator.
- (b) Only numerical value data can be set in parameter 2.
If the condition operator is "simultaneous start", the positioning data No. of the partner axis to be simultaneously started is set. (Refer to (5).)

(5) Setting of parameter 1 and parameter 2 for simultaneous start

- (a) When the condition operator is simultaneous start, parameters 1 and 2 are used to set the positioning data No. of the axis to be simultaneously started.
For example, if linear interpolation of axes 1 and 2 and axis 3 are to be simultaneously started, the positioning data No. for axis 1 and axis 3 is set.
- (b) The axis 1 to 3 positioning data No. is set as shown below.
(The areas used with axis 1 to 3 are fixed.)

— Parameter 1	 Positioning data No. for axis 1 (parameter 1 low-order 16-bit)
	 Positioning data No. for axis 2 (parameter 1 high-order 16-bit)
— Parameter 2	 Positioning data No. for axis 3 (parameter 2 low-order 16-bit)
	 Not used (parameter 2 high-order 16-bit)

3. Additional explanation on positioning start information area (section 3.6.6)

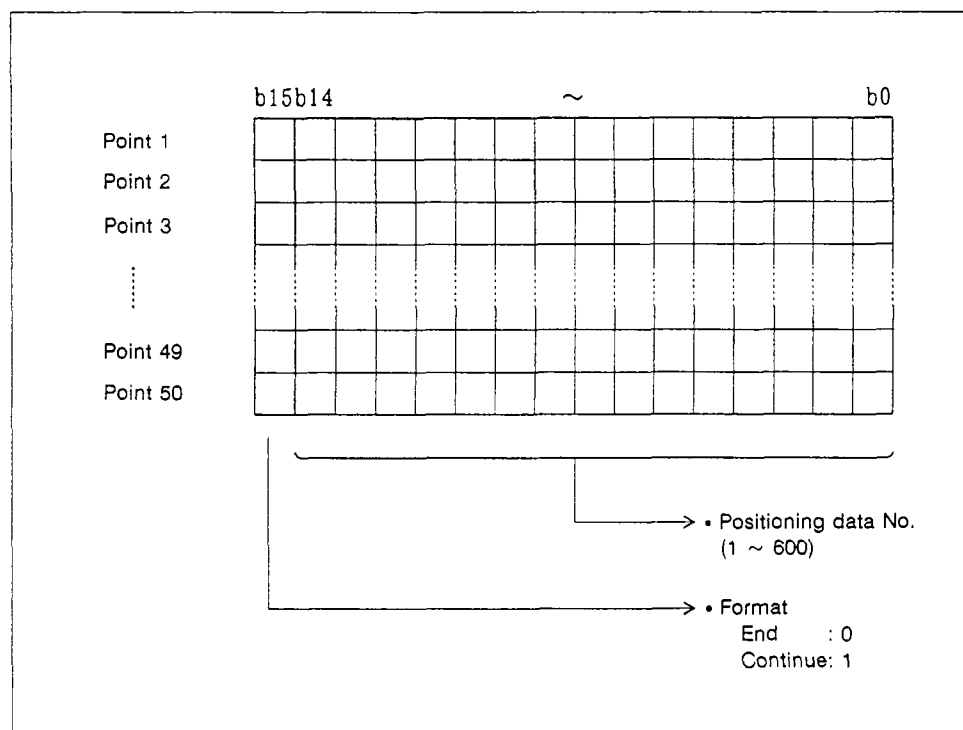
(1) Positioning start data area

- (a) The positioning start data area is the area used for block positioning.
Areas for point 1 to point 50 are provided for the positioning start data area.
- (b) Which point of the positioning start data area to start is designated with the buffer memory for the positioning start point No. setting.

	Buffer memory address
Axis 1	1178
Axis 2	1228
Axis 3	1278

If the run is started without setting the buffer memory for positioning start point No. setting, the run will start from point 1.

- (c) The "format" and "positioning data No." are set in the positioning start data.
(Refer to section 3.4.6 for details on the format and positioning data No.)
 - ① Either "End: 0" or "Continue: 1" is set for the format.
 - ② A positioning data No. from 1 to 600 is set in the positioning data No.
- (d) The positioning data area is configured as shown below.



[Remarks]

- 1) * : The data No. for which positioning control is to be executed is set in the positioning data No.

(2) Positioning special start data area

- (a) The positioning special start data area is where the AD75 special start is set.
The positioning special start data area corresponds one-on-one with the positioning start data area.

Positioning start data area		Positioning special start data area
Point 1	.....	Point 1
Point 2	.....	Point 2
Point 3	.....	Point 3
Point 49	.....	Point 49
Point 50	.....	Point 50

- (b) The "special start command code" and "parameter" are set in the positioning special start data area.

(Refer to section 3.4.6 for details on the special start command codes and parameters.)

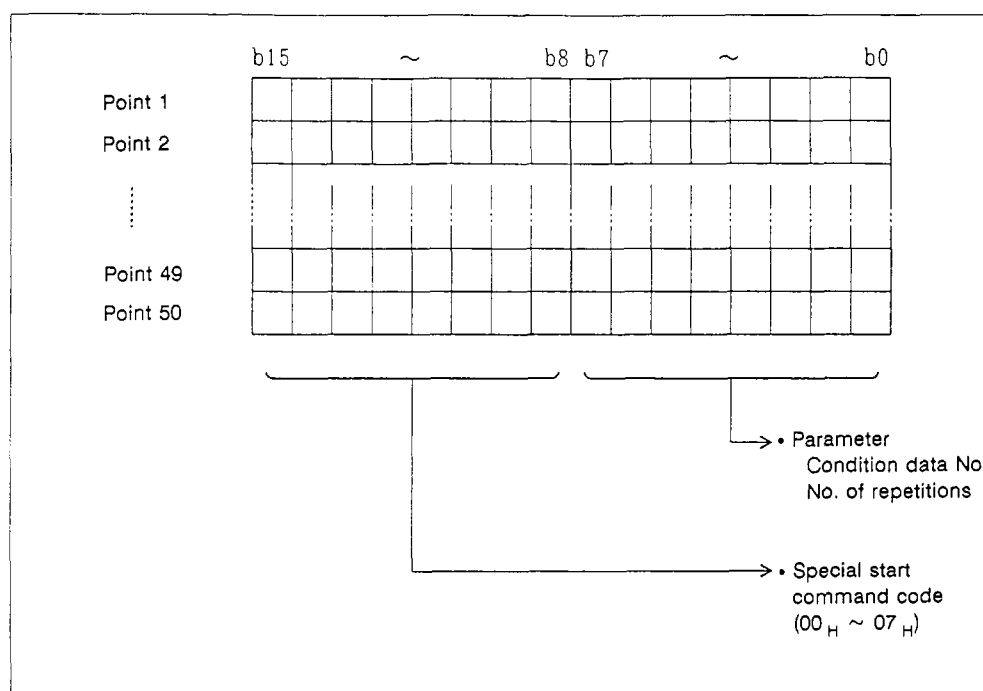
- ① The special start starting condition command code (00_H to 07_H) is set for the special start command code.
- ② The condition data No. or No. of repetitions is set in the parameter.

Special start	Command code	Setting parameter
Normal start	00 _H	—
Conditional start	01 _H	Condition data No. 1 to 10*
Wait start	02 _H	
Simultaneous start	03 _H	
Stop start	04 _H	—
FOR loop	05 _H	No. of repetitions (0 to 255)
FOR condition	06 _H	Condition data No. 1 to 10*
NEXT	07 _H	—

[Remarks]

- 1) * : Which of the (3) condition data items to be used is set in the condition data No.

(d) The positioning special start data area is configured as shown below.



(3) Condition data area

(a) The condition designated with the positioning special start data area parameter is set in the condition data area.

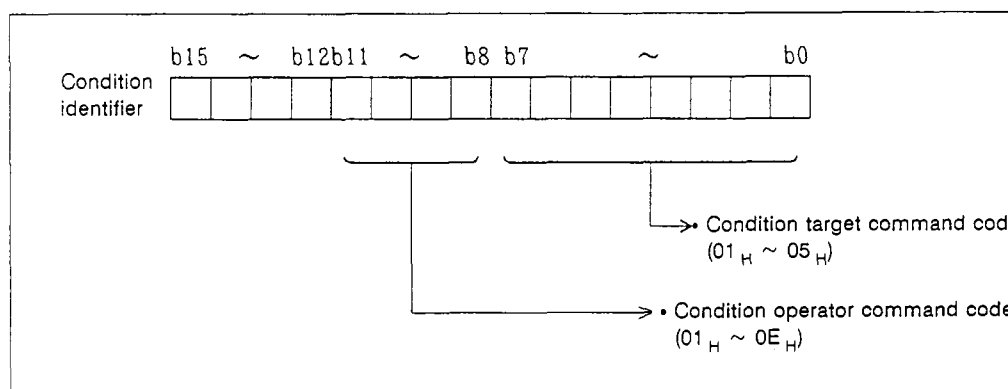
The condition data area has ten areas from 1 to 10.

(Refer to the A1SD75P1/P2/P3, AD75P1/P2/P3 type Positioning Unit User's Manual (Details section), section 3.6.6 for details on the condition data area configuration.)

(c) The following data is set in each item of the condition data area.

① The "condition target command code" and "condition operator command code" are set in the condition identifier.

(Refer to section 3.4.7 (1) for details on the condition target command code and condition operator command code.)



② Refer to section 3.4.7 (2) to (5) for details on the address, parameter 1 and parameter 2.

(4) Indirect designation area

- (a) The indirect designation area is used to set different data No. 8001 to 8050 in the positioning data No. 1 to 600.
- (b) If 8001 to 8050 is set in the buffer memory (1150, 1200, 1250) for positioning start No. setting, the positioning data stored in the buffer memory corresponding to 8001 to 8050 can be started.
For example, if the positioning data No. 53 is set in the indirect designation area corresponding to 8001, and 8001 is designated in the buffer memory for positioning start No., the positioning data No. 53 can be started.

8001	
8002	
8050	

 MITSUBISHI
PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER

Technical News

**Subject: Precautions for replacing A1SD71/AD71 with A1SD75P□/AD75P□,
and connections with MR-H/MR-J**

**Applicable models: A1SD75P1, A1SD75P2, A1SD75P3,
AD75P1, AD75P2, AD75P3**

Thank you for your continued patronage of the Mitsubishi general purpose sequencer MELSEC-A Series.

The precautions for replacing the A1SD71S2 (S7) type positioning unit/AD71 (S1, S2, S7) type positioning unit with the A1SD75P□ type positioning unit/AD75P□ type positioning unit, and examples for connecting with the MR-H/MR-J type servomotor are explained in this paper.

1. Precautions for replacing A1SD71/AD71 with A1SD75/AD75

The precautions for replacing A1SD71/AD71 with A1SD75/AD75 are described in this section. (Refer to the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ User's Manual (Details Section) for comparisons of the A1SD71/AD71 and A1SD75/AD75 functions.)

- (1) The pulse output logic and connector pin layout differ in the A1SD75/AD75 type. Refer to Technical News PLC-D-245 for details on the pulse output logic.

Item	A1SD75/AD75	A1SD71/AD71
Connector used	Connector: 10136-3000VE Cover : 10336-56F0-008 (Sumitomo 3M)	Connector: FCN-361J040-AU Cover : FCN-360C040-B (Fujitsu)
No. of connectors	One/axis (Enclosed with unit for No. of axes being used)	One/unit
Connector pin layout	The pin Nos. for each axis have the same application.	The X axis or Y axis is designated with the pin No.
Zero point signal specifications	Correspond to DC5V/DC24V (When using MR-H/MR-J, use the DC24V power supply. (Refer to the connection examples.))	Correspond to DC5V to DC24V
Manual pulser model	MR-HDP01 (Mitsubishi Electric)	OSM-01-2(C) (Nemicon)

- (2) When connecting the A1SD75 with peripheral equipment, a convertor cable (A1D75-C01H) is required.

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2. Recommended connections

- The open collector method or differential driver method is used for the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ pulse train output.
- Generally, the differential driver method has a stronger resistance to noise than the open collector method, so connection of the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ to a drive unit with the differential driver method is recommended. However, the load current of the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ differential driver is 20mA, so the differential driver must be used in the above specifications range.

3. Connection with drive unit

- Generally, the drive unit (servo amplifier, stepping motor driver) command pulse input section is photo coupler insulated with the open collector input. The connection with the open collector input drive unit will be described below.
- Connection of the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ and drive unit with a differential driver method is recommended to increase the noise margin. (Refer to Fig. 1.)

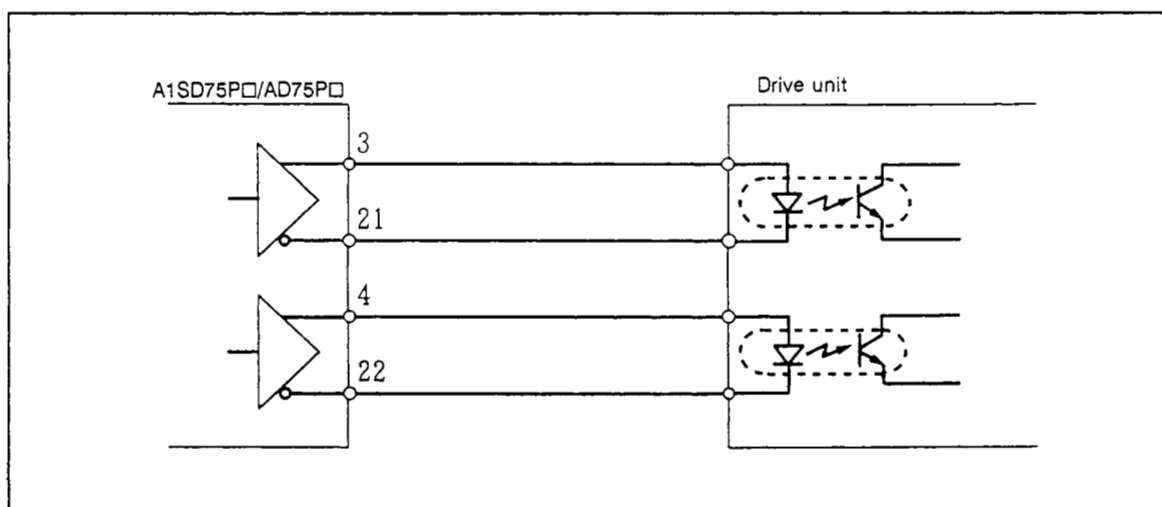


Fig. 1 Example of connection to A1SD75P□/AD75P□ differential driver

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- When connecting the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ and drive unit with an open collector method, wire as shown in Fig. 2.

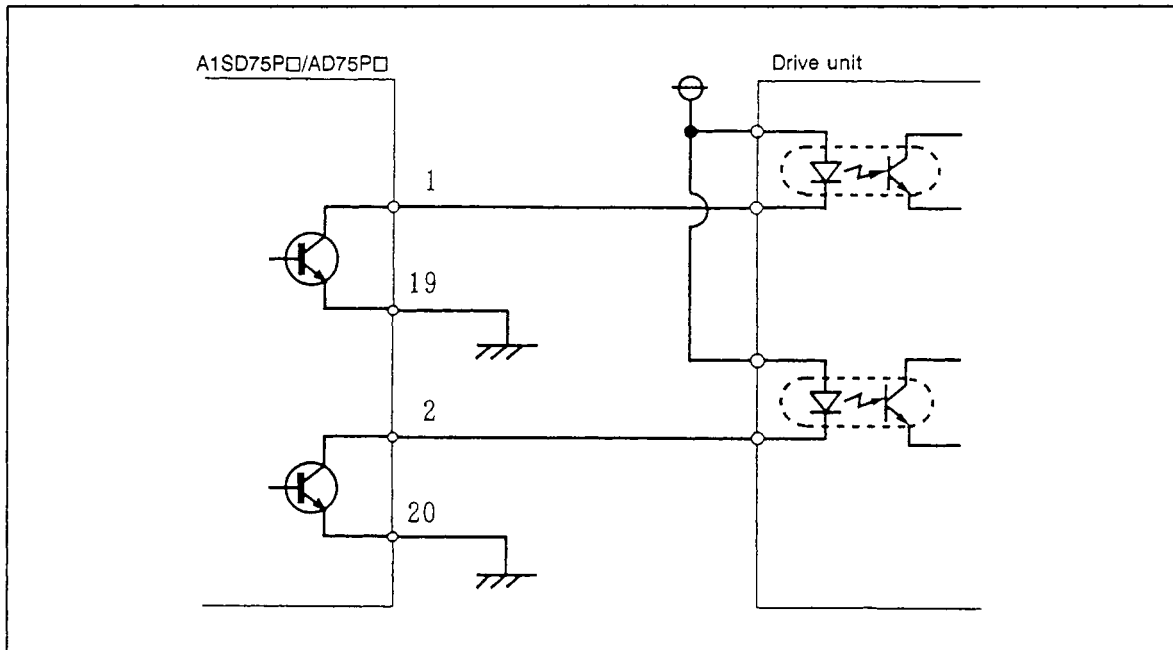


Fig. 2 Example of connection to A1SD75P□/AD75P□ open collector

4. A1SD75P□/AD75P□ command pulse logic

- There are some products that will not accept the command pulse if the command pulse logic does not match at the servo amplifier or stepping motor driver.
- If the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ and servo amplifier/stepping motor driver logic do not match, use a differential driver output, and cross the wiring as shown in Fig. 3. In this case, the open collector method cannot be used.

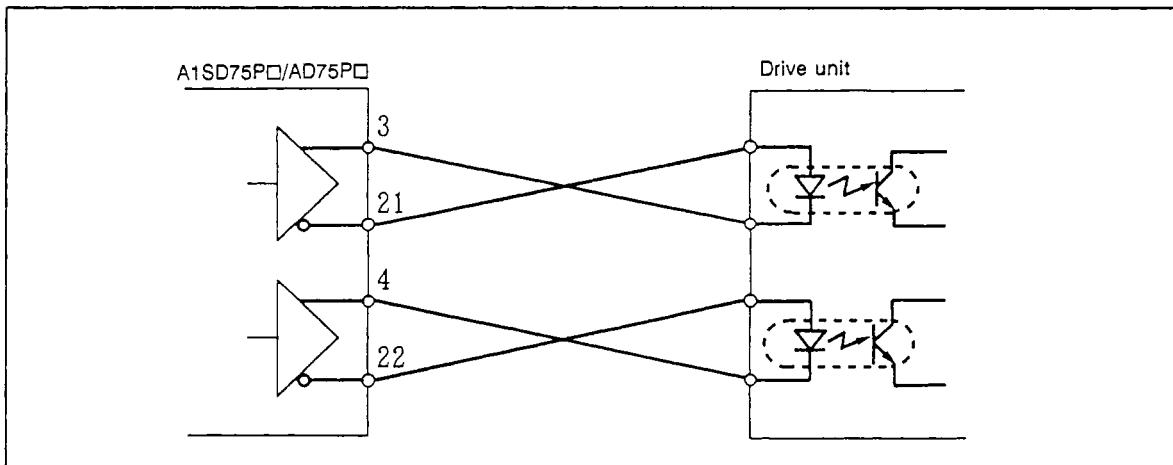


Fig. 3 Example of wiring in which command pulse logic does not mach

- When connecting the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ and a Mitsubishi servo amplifier, the logic can be changed with the servo amplifier parameter settings. However, the normal wiring shown in Figs. 1 and 2 must be used.

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MITSUBISHI PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER

Technical News

Subject: External connection wiring for A1SD75P□/AD75P□

**Applicable models: A1SD75P1, A1SD75P2, A1SD75P3,
AD75P1, AD75P2, AD75P3**

Thank you for your continued patronage of the Mitsubishi general purpose sequencer MELSEC-A Series.

The method for connecting the A1SD75P□ type positioning unit and the AD75P□ type positioning unit with the drive unit will be described in this paper.

1. A1SD75P□/AD75P□ pulse output specifications

- In the A1SD75P□/AD75P□, a pulse train is output to the drive unit and the positioning is controlled.
- The "SING pulse output", "CW/CCW pulse output" and "A phase/B phase pulse output" types are available for the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ pulse outputs. The type to be used is set with the basic parameter 1 of the A1SD75P□/AD75P□.
- The A1SD75P□/AD75P□ pulse outputs are shown in Table 1.

Table 1 A1SD75P□/AD75P□ pulse output

		Forward run	Reverse run
SING pulse output	PULSE	High Low	
	SING	High Low	
CW/CCW pulse output	PULSE F	High Low	
	PULSE R	High Low	
A phase/B phase pulse output	A phase	High Low	
	B phase	High Low	

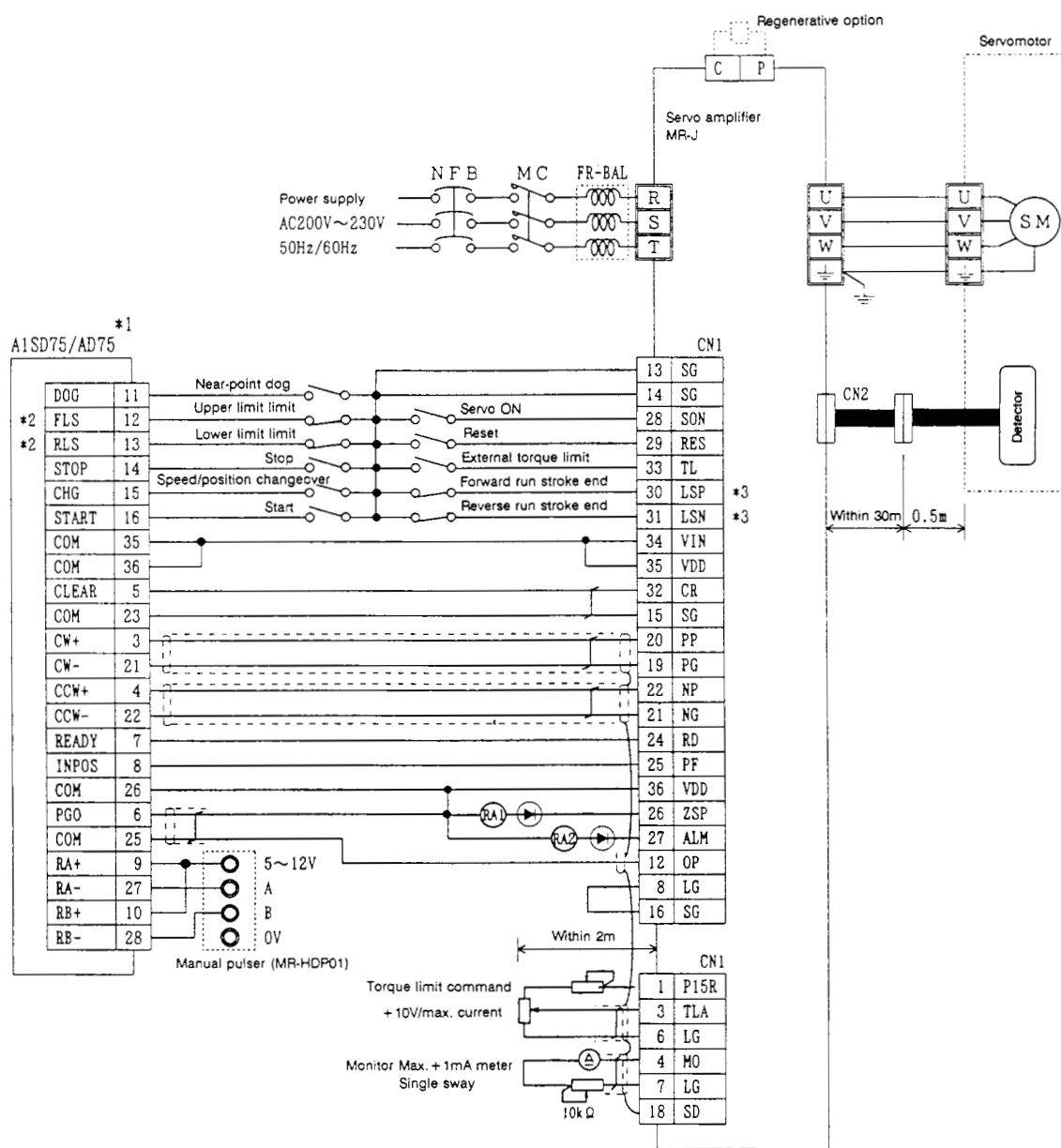
[Remarks]

- 1) "High" and "Low" for the A1SD75P□/AD75P□ open collector method (transistor output) are as explained below.
- High: A1SD75P□/AD75P□ pulse output transistor is OFF.
 - Low: A1SD75P□/AD75P□ pulse output transistor is ON.

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2. Example of A1SD75/AD75 and MR-J connection

(1) When using differential driver

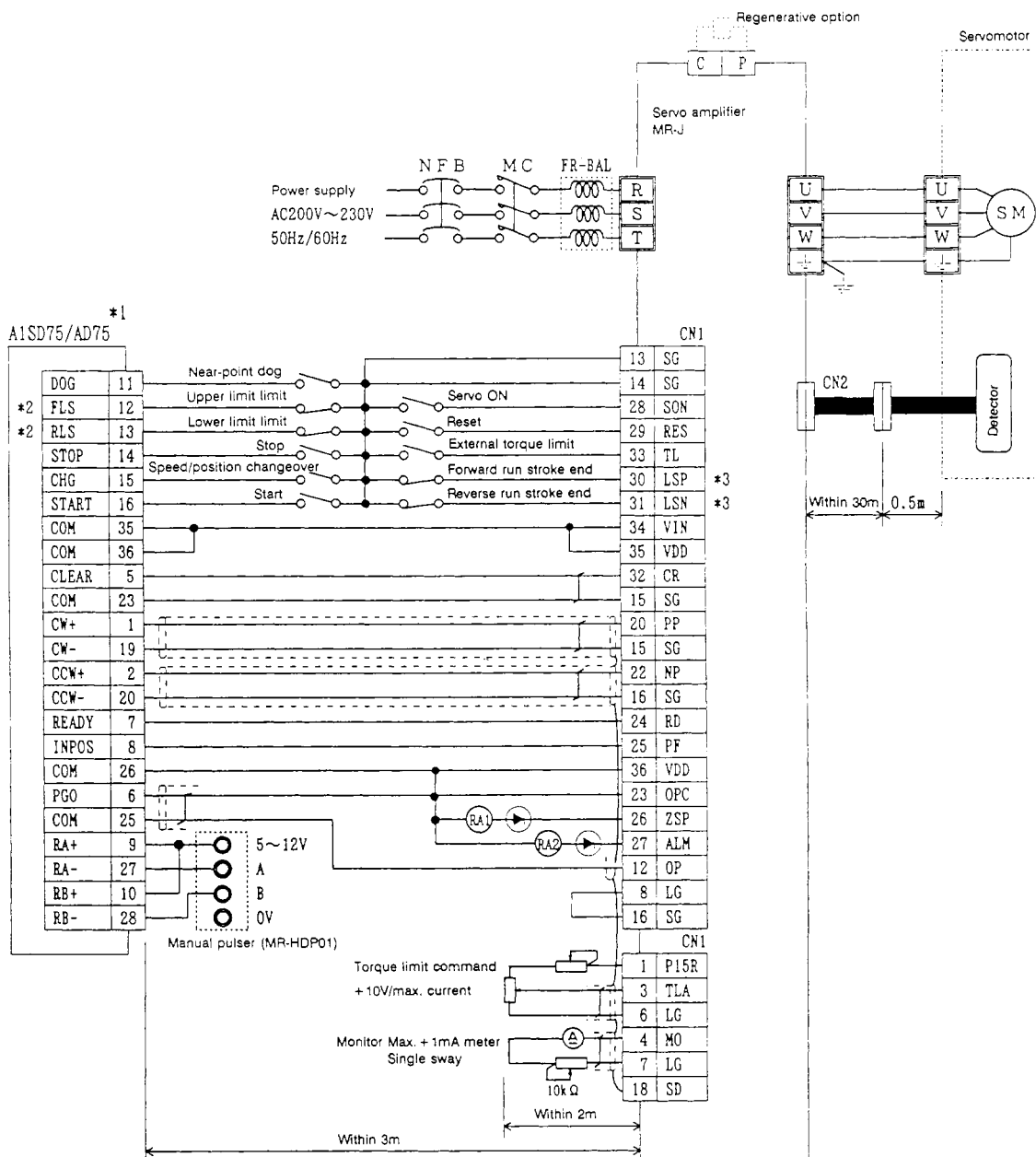


[Remarks]

- 1) *1: The applications of the A1SD75/AD75 connector pin Nos. are common for axis 1 to axis 3.
- 2) *2: The A1SD75/AD75 upper limit limit (FLS) and lower limit limit (RLS) are used by the retry function during zero point return. Set these to the inner side with the servo limit switch.
- 3) *3: This is the limit switch for the servo (for stopping).

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(2) When using open collector



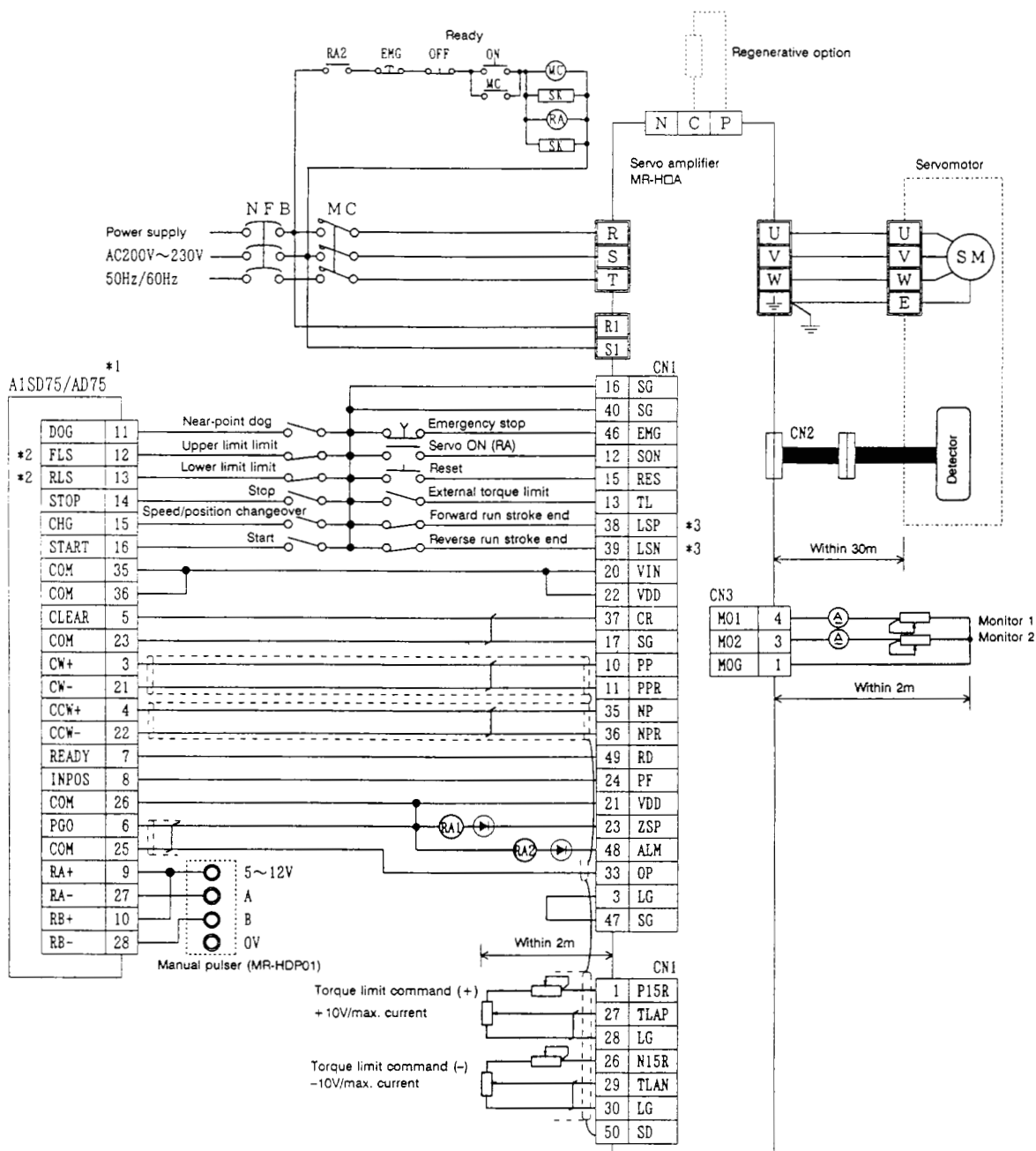
[Remarks]

- *1: The applications of the A1SD75/AD75 connector pin Nos. are common for axis 1 to axis 3.
- *2: The A1SD75/AD75 upper limit limit (FLS) and lower limit limit (RLS) are used by the retry function during zero point return. Set these to the inner side with the servo limit switch.
- *3: This is the limit switch for the servo (for stopping).

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3. Example of A1SD75/AD75 and MR-H connection

(1) When using differential driver

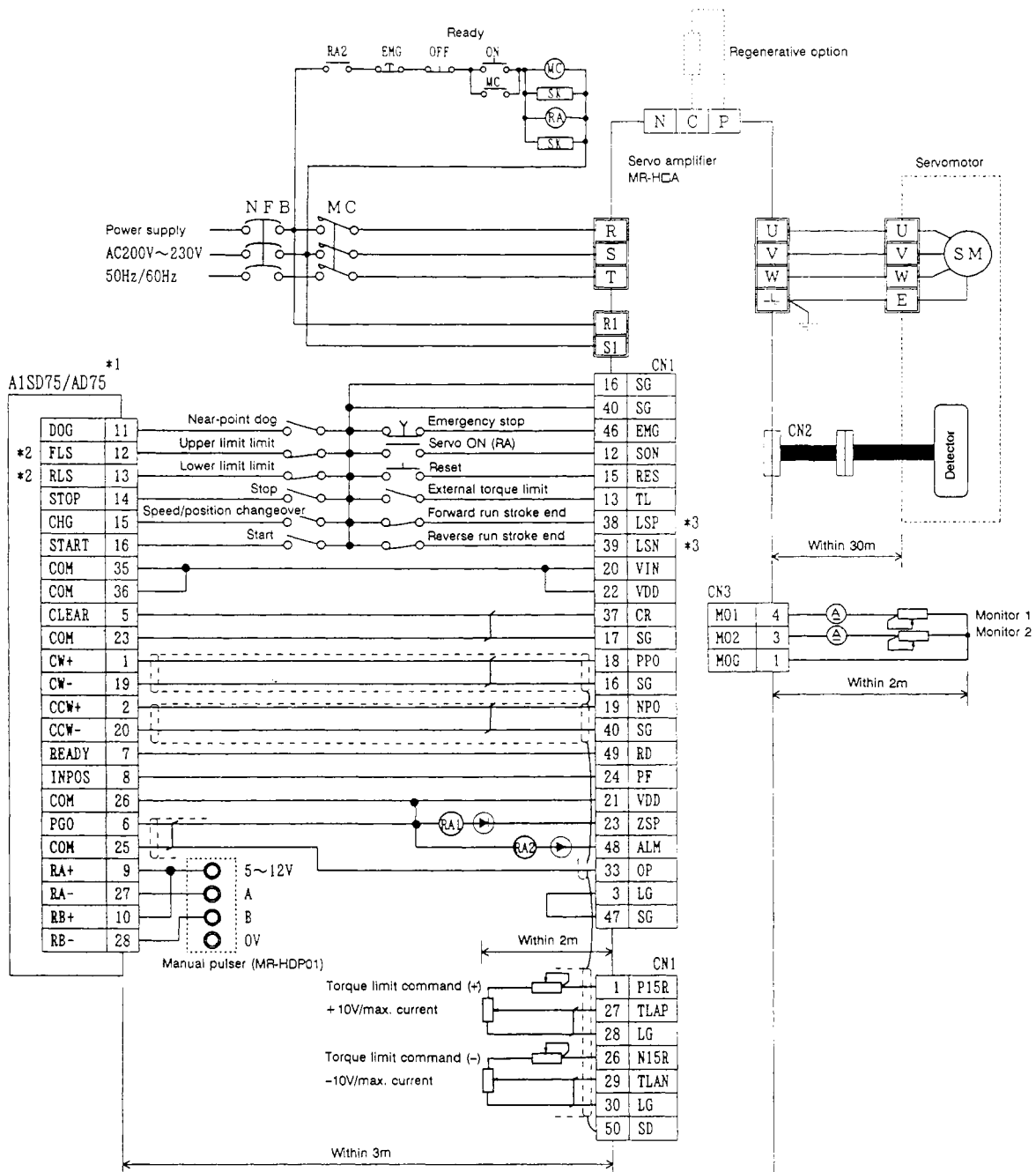


[Remarks]

- *1: The applications of the A1SD75/AD75 connector pin Nos. are common for axis 1 to axis 3.
- *2: The A1SD75/AD75 upper limit limit (FLS) and lower limit limit (RLS) are used by the retry function during zero point return. Set these to the inner side with the servo limit switch.
- *3: This is the limit switch for the servo (for stopping).

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(2) When using open collector



[Remarks]

- *1: The applications of the A1SD75/AD75 connector pin Nos. are common for axis 1 to axis 3.
- *2: The A1SD75/AD75 upper limit limit (FLS) and lower limit limit (RLS) are used by the retry function during zero point return. Set these to the inner side with the servo limit switch (*3).
- *3: This is the limit switch for the servo (for stopping).

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