ARTISAN®
TECHNOLOGY GROUP

Your **definitive** source for quality pre-owned equipment.

Artisan Technology Group
(217) 352-9330 | sales@artisantg.com | artisantg.com

Full-service, independent repair center
with experienced engineers and technicians on staff.

We buy your excess, underutilized, and idle equipment
along with credit for buybacks and trade-ins.

Custom engineering
so your equipment works exactly as you specify.

- Critical and expedited services
- In stock / Ready-to-ship
- Leasing / Rentals / Demos
- ITAR-certified secure asset solutions

Expert team | Trust guarantee | 100% satisfaction

All trademarks, brand names, and brands appearing herein are the property of their respective owners.

Find the *Phoenix Contact Quint-PS-100-240AC/24DC/10* at our website: *Click HERE*

QUINT-PS-100-240AC/24DC/5

Single-Phase Primary-Switched Power Supply Unit



INTERFACE

Data Sheet

© PHOENIX CONTACT - 12/2005

Description

QUINT POWER devices are 60...960 W DC power supply units for universal use. This is ensured by the wide-range input, single and three-phase versions, and an international approval package.

QUINT POWER stands for guaranteed supply: powerful capacitors ensure mains buffering of more than 20 ms at full load.

All three-phase devices provide the full output power, even in the event of a continuous phase failure.
The POWER BOOST power reserve starts loads with high inrush currents and ensures that fuses are reliably tripped.

Preventive function monitoring diagnoses impermissible operating states and minimizes downtimes in your system. An active transistor output and a floating relay contact are used for remote monitoring.

All QUINT POWER devices are idling-proof and short-circuit proof, and are available with a regulated and adjustable output voltage of 12, 24, and 48 V DC with output currents of 2.5, 5, 10, 20, 30, and 40 A.

Power supply units for use in Ex Zone 2, uninterruptible solutions, AS-i power supply units, and a QUINT diode complete the product range.

QUINT POWER is a built-in device. Installation and startup must only be carried out by qualified personnel. The relevant country-specific regulations (e.g., VDE, DIN) must also be observed.

Danger
The device contains dangerous live elements and high levels of stored energy.
Never carry out work when the power is turned on.

Risk of burns
The housing temperature can reach high values depending on the ambient temperature and the load of the device.

Make sure you always use the latest documentation.
It can be downloaded at www.download.phoenixcontact.com.
A conversion table is available on the Internet at
www.download.phoenixcontact.com/general/7000_en_00.pdf.

This data sheet is valid for all products listed on the following page:

Ordering Data

Product

Description	Type	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Single-phase primary-switched power supply unit	QUINT-PS-100-240AC/24DC/5	29 38 58 1	1

Accessories

Description	Type	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Assembly adapter for QUINT POWER 2.5 A and 5 A on S7 300 rails	QUINT-PS-ADAPTERS7/1	29 38 19 6	1

Technical Data

Input Data	
Nominal input voltage range	100...240 V AC
Input voltage range	85...264 V AC, 90...350 V DC
Frequency range	45...65 Hz (0 Hz at DC input)
Current consumption	1.6 A (at 120 V AC (nominal load)), approximately 0.84 A (at 230 V AC (nominal load)), approximately
Inrush current surge	< 20 A (typical), inrush current limiting/I^2t (25°C): < 2.5 A²s
Mains buffering (for nominal load)	> 20 ms (at 120 V AC), > 120 ms (at 230 V AC)
Typical switch-on time	< 1 s
Protective circuit	Transient surge protection varistor
Input fuse	5 A (slow-blow, internal)
Recommended backup fuse	Circuit breaker 6 A, 10 A or 16 A, Characteristic B
Discharge current to PE	< 3.5 mA
Connection method	COMBICON screw/plug-in connection
Stripping length	7 mm
Output Data	
Nominal output voltage	24 V DC ±1%
Setting range for the output voltage	22.5...28.5 V DC
Output current	5 A (-25...+60°C) 7.5 A (with POWER BOOST, -25...+40°C)
Derating	Above +60°C: 2.5% per Kelvin
Current limit	I_{BOOST} = 7.5 A (for short circuit), approximately
Maximum capacitive load	Unlimited
System deviation	< 1% (static load change 10...90%) < 2% (dynamic load change 10...90%) < 0.1% (input voltage change ±10%)
Power dissipation	
Maximum nominal load	14 W
Maximum no load	2 W
Efficiency	> 89% for 230 V AC and nominal values
Rise time	< 2 ms (U_{OUT} (10...90%))
Residual ripple/switching peaks (20 MHz)	< 100 mV_{pp} (for nominal values)
Parallel connection	Yes, to create redundant systems and increase efficiency
Internal surge protection	Yes, limited to 35 V DC, approximately
Resistance to return supply	35 V DC
Connection method	COMBICON screw/plug-in connection
Stripping length	7 mm
DC OK Signal Output, Active	
Type of output	Transistor output, U_{out} > 0.9 x U_N: High signal
Continuous current	40 mA, maximum
Output voltage	+24 V DC (signal)

DC OK Signal Output, Floating	
Type of output	Relay contact, U_{out} > 0.9 x U_N: Contact closed
Continuous current	1 A, maximum
Maximum switching voltage	30 V AC/DC, maximum

General Data	
Insulation voltage	
Input/output	4 kV AC (type test)/2 kV AC (routine test)
Input/PE	3.5 kV AC (type test)/2 kV AC (routine test)
Insulation voltage output/PE	500 V DC (routine test)
Mounting position	On horizontal NS 35 DIN rail according to EN 60715
Degree of protection	IP20
Protection class	I, with PE connection
MTBF	> 500,000 h according to IEC 61709 (SN 29500)
Housing version	AluNox (AlMg1), closed
Weight	0.830 kg
Dimensions (width x height x depth)	55 mm x 130 mm x 125 mm
Dimensions (width x height x depth) for alternative assembly	122 mm x 130 mm x 58 mm

Status Indicators	
DC OK status indicator	Green LED (U_{out} < 0.9 x U_N: LED flashes)

Climatic Data	
Ambient temperature (operation)	-25...+70°C (> 60°C derating)
Ambient temperature (storage/transport)	-40...+85°C
Maximum permissible humidity (operation)	95% (at +25°C, no condensation)
Vibration (operation)	< 15 Hz, amplitude ±2.5 mm according to IEC 60068-2-6 15...150 Hz, 2.3g, 90 minutes
Shock	30g in all space directions, according to IEC 60068-2-27
Pollution degree	2 according to EN 50178
Climatic class	3K3 according to EN 60721

Certification/Standards	
Electrical equipment of machines	EN 60204 (Surge Voltage Category III)
Safety transformers for switched-mode power supply units	EN 61558-2-17
Electrical safety (of IT equipment)	EN 60950/VDE 0805 (SELV), EN 61558-2-17 CB Scheme UL/C-UL Recognized UL 60950
Industrial control equipment	UL/C-UL Listed UL 508
Electrical equipment for potentially explosive areas	UL/C-UL Recognized UL 1604, Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D
Shipbuilding	Germanischer Lloyd, ABS
Electronic equipment for use in electrical power installations	EN 50178 (VDE 0160)
Safety extra-low voltage	PELV (EN 60204), SELV (EN 60950)
Safe isolation	DIN VDE 0100-410, DIN VDE 0106-1010
Protection against electric shock	DIN 57100-410
Protection against electric shock, basic requirements for safe isolation in electrical equipment	DIN VDE 0106-101
Limitation of harmonic line currents	According to EN 61000-3-2
Device safety	(tested safety)

Conformance With EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC

Noise Immunity Test According to EN 61000-6-2[1]

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	EN 61000-4-2	Criterion B[2]	Housing	Level 4
			Air discharge	15 kV
			Contact discharge	8 kV
Electromagnetic HF field	EN 61000-4-3	Criterion A[3]	Housing	Level 3
			Frequency range	80...1000 MHz/1.4...2.0 GHz
			Field strength	10 V/m
Fast transients (burst)	EN 61000-4-4	Criterion B[2]	Input	4 kV (Inst. Class 4, asymmetrical: Cable to ground) 2 kV (Inst. Class 4, symmetrical: Cable to cable)
			Output	0.5 kV (Level 1, asymmetrical: Cable to ground) 0.5 kV (Level 1, symmetrical: Cable to cable)
			Signal	1 kV (Level 1, asymmetrical: Cable to ground)
Surge current load (surge)	EN 61000-4-5	Criterion B[2]	Input	4 kV (Level 4, asymmetrical)
			Output	2 kV (Level 3, asymmetrical)
			Signal	1 kV (Level 2, asymmetrical)
Conducted interference	EN 61000-4-6	Criterion A[3]	Input/output/signal	Level 3, asymmetrical
			Frequency range	0.15...80 MHz
			Voltage	10 V
Voltage dips	EN 61000-4-11	Criterion B	Input	Mains buffering > 20 ms

Noise Emission Test According to EN 61000-6-3

Noise emission of housing	EN 55011 (EN 55022)[4]	Class B	Industrial and domestic applications

[1] EN 61000 corresponds to IEC 61000

[2] Criterion B: Temporary adverse effects on the operating behavior, which the device corrects automatically.

[3] Criterion A: Normal operating behavior within the specified limits.

[4] EN 55011 corresponds to CISPR11/EN 55022 corresponds to CISPR22

Structure

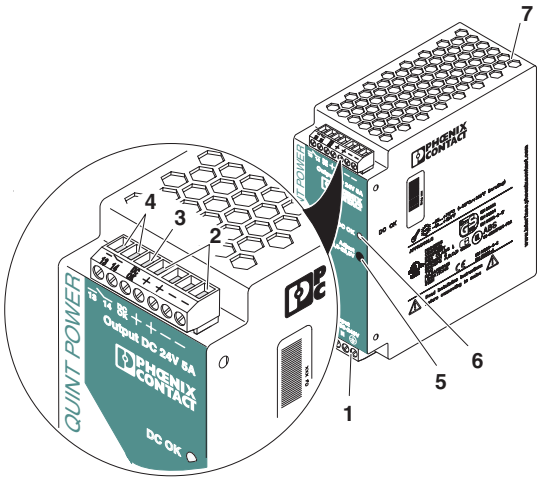


Figure 1 Operating elements

1 AC input
85...264 V AC input voltage,
45...65 Hz frequency

2 DC output
24 V DC output voltage (default),
can be set between 22.5 and 28.5 V DC

3 DC OK output active

4 DC OK output floating

5 Potentiometer (covered) 22.5...28.5 V DC

6 DC OK LED

7 Universal DIN rail adapter UTA 107

Block Diagram

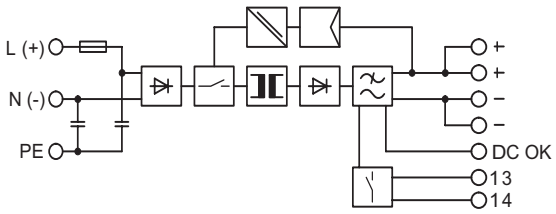


Figure 2 Block diagram

Safety Notes and Warning Instructions

Danger

The device contains dangerous live elements and high levels of stored energy.

Never carry out work when the power is turned on.

Risk of burns

The housing temperature can reach high values depending on the ambient temperature and the load of the device.

To ensure that the device can be operated safely and all functions can be used, please read these instructions carefully.

QUINT POWER is a built-in device. Installation and startup must only be carried out by qualified personnel. The relevant country-specific regulations (e.g., VDE, DIN) must also be observed.

Before startup please ensure:

- The mains has been connected correctly and protection is provided against electric shock.
- The device can be switched off outside the power supply according to EN 60950 regulations (e.g., by the line protection on the primary side).
- The protective conductor is connected.
- All supply lines have sufficient fuse protection and are the correct size.
- All output cables are the correct size for the maximum device output current or have separate fuse protection.
- Sufficient convection is ensured.

Installation

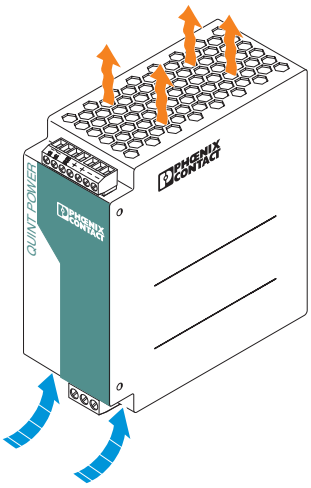


Figure 3 Convection

Risk of burns
The housing temperature can reach high values depending on the ambient temperature and the load of the device.

To ensure sufficient convection, the following minimum spacing is required between other modules:
5 cm above and below the device.

No minimum spacing to other modules at the sides is required for proper operation of the device.

The power supply unit can be snapped onto all DIN rails according to EN 60715 and must be mounted horizontally (connection terminal blocks facing downwards).

Mounting Position

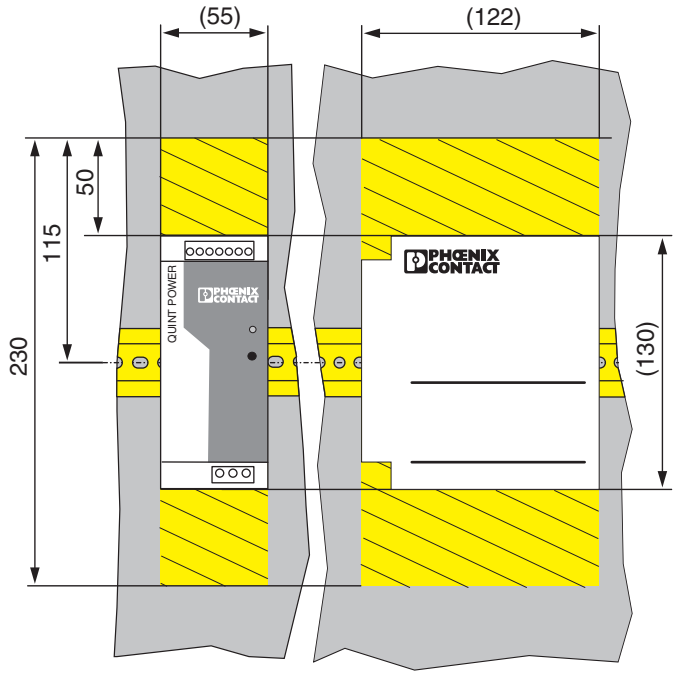


Figure 4 Mounting position (dimensions in mm)

Narrow mounting position: Installation depth 125 mm (+ DIN rail)

Flat mounting position: Installation depth 58 mm (+ DIN rail)

Narrow Mounting Position (Default Upon Delivery)

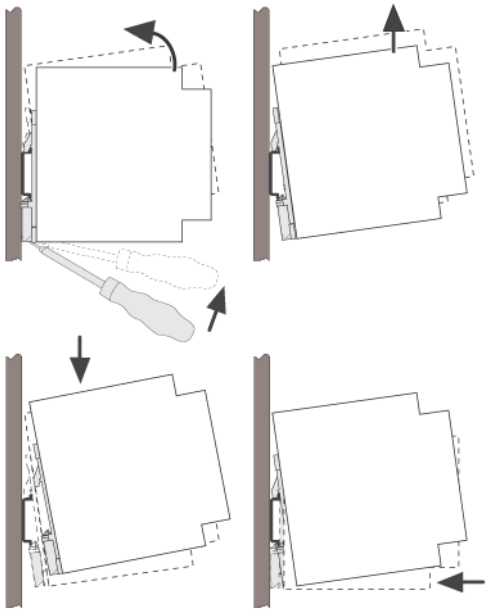


Figure 5 Narrow mounting position

Assembly

Position the module with the DIN rail guideway on the top edge of the DIN rail and then snap it downwards.

Removal

Release the snap-on catch using a screwdriver and then detach the module from the bottom edge of the DIN rail.

Flat Mounting Position

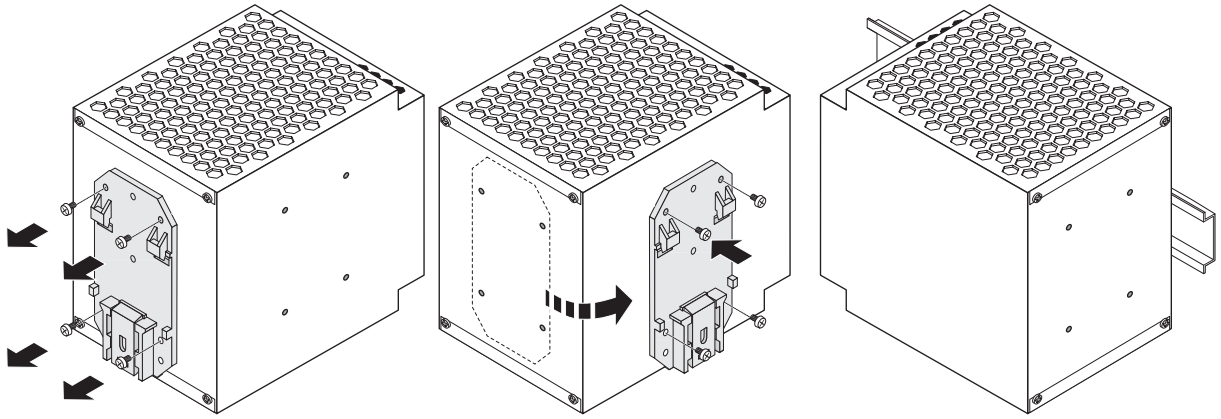


Figure 6 Flat mounting position

A flat mounting position can be achieved by mounting the module onto the DIN rail at a 90° angle. Mount the DIN rail adapter (UTA 107) as shown in Figure 6.

No additional assembly material is required.
Mounting screws: Torx T10 (torque 0.8...0.9 Nm).

Connection of Various Types of Network: 100...240 V AC Networks

The device can be connected to single-phase AC networks or to two external conductors for three-phase networks (TN, TT or IT network according to VDE 0100-300/ IEC 60364-3) with nominal voltages of 100...240 V AC.

An all-pole disconnecting device must be provided for 2-phase operation using two external conductors for a three-phase network.

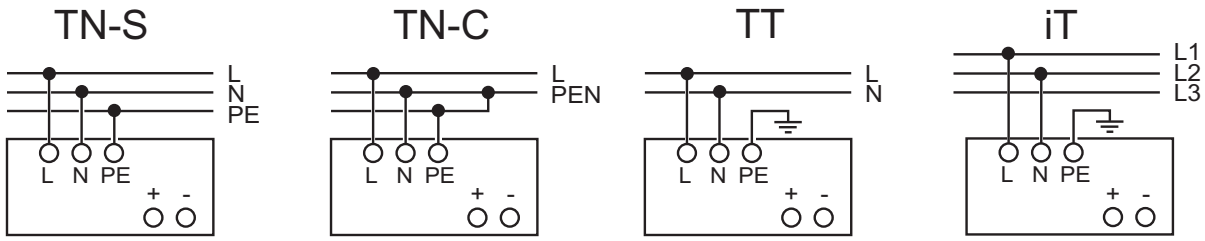


Figure 7 100...240 V AC networks

Connection of the Connecting Cable

The device is equipped with COMBICON connectors. This connection method enables quick device connection and visible isolation of the electrical connection, if required.

Connectors may only be operated when the power is switched off.

Use a screwdriver with the correct blade width for wiring. The cable cross sections listed in the table on the right can be connected.

	Solid [mm²]	Stranded [mm²]	AWG	Torque [Nm]	Stripping Length [mm]
Input	0.2...2.5	0.2...2.5	25...14	0.5...0.6	7 mm
Output	0.2...2.5	0.2...2.5	25...14	0.5...0.6	7 mm
Signal	0.2...2.5	0.2...2.5	25...14	0.5...0.6	7 mm

For reliable and safe-to-touch connections, strip the cable ends according to the table.

Input (1)

The 100...240 V AC connection is made using the L, N, and ⏚ screw connections.

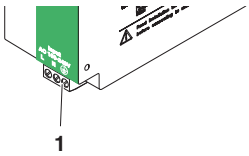


Figure 8 Input

Fuses

An **internal fuse** is provided for device protection. Additional device protection is not required.

If an internal fuse is blown, this is most probably due to a device fault. In this case, the device should be checked in the factory.

Recommended Backup Fuse

Circuit breaker 6 A, 10 A or 16 A, Characteristic B (or equivalent).

A suitable fuse should be provided for DC applications.

Protecting the Primary Side

The device must be installed according to the specifications of EN 60950.

It must be possible to switch off the device using a suitable disconnecting device outside the power supply.
For example, primary side line protection could be used.

Output

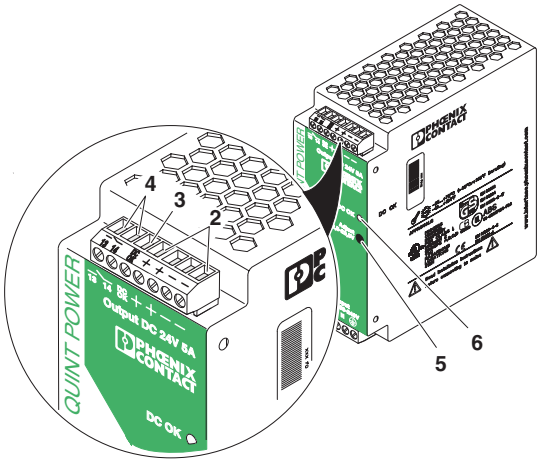


Figure 9 Output

Connecting the Output

The connection is made using the "+" and "-" screw connections on the screw connection ②. The output voltage set upon delivery is 24 V DC. The output voltage can be set on the potentiometer ⑤.

Protecting the Secondary Side

The device is electronically short-circuit-proof and idling-proof. In the event of an error, the output voltage is limited to a maximum of 35 V DC.

Make sure that all output cables are the correct size for the maximum output current or have separate fuse protection.

The cable cross sections in the secondary circuit must be large enough to keep the voltage drops on the cables as low as possible.

Signaling

The two DC OK outputs are for preventive function monitoring of the power supply unit. A floating signal contact ④ and an active DC OK signal ③ are available. In addition, the DC OK LED ⑥ can be used to evaluate the function of the power supply directly at the installation location (see "Status Indicator: DC OK LED" on page 10).

Floating Contact

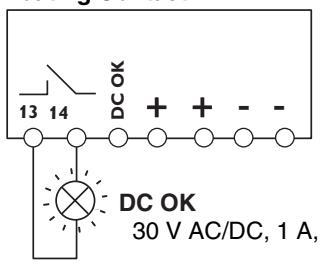


Figure 10 Floating contact

When opened, the floating signal contact indicates that the output voltage has fallen more than 10% below the set value. Signals and ohmic loads up to a maximum of 30 V and currents up to a maximum of 1 A can be switched.

With heavy inductive loads, e.g., a relay, a suitable protective circuit (e.g., free-wheeling diode) is required.

Active Signal Output

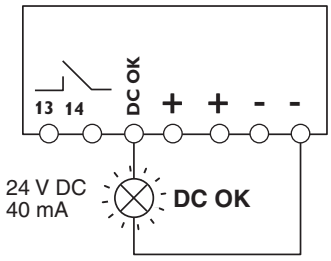


Figure 11 Active signal output

The 24 V DC signal is between the "DC OK" and "-" connection terminal blocks and can be loaded with 40 mA maximum. This signal output indicates that the output voltage has fallen more than 10% below the set value when "active high" changes to "low". The DC OK signal is isolated from the power output. This ensures that a separate supply does not enter from devices connected in parallel. The 24 V DC signal can be connected directly to a logic input for evaluation.

Signal Loop

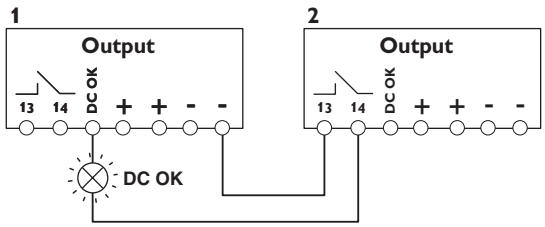


Figure 12 Signal loop

The two signal outputs described above can be easily combined.

Example: Monitoring two devices

Use the active alarm output of device 1 and loop in the floating alarm output of device 2. In the event of an error, a group error message is output. Any number of devices can be looped. This signal combination saves wiring costs and logic inputs.

Status Indicator: DC OK LED

The green DC OK LED enables local function evaluation in the control cabinet.

DC OK LED	ON	Flashing	OFF
Active DC OK switching output	U = +24 V (with reference to "-")	U = 0 V (with reference to "-")	U = 0 V (with reference to "-")
Floating DC OK output	Closed	Open	Open
Cause	Output voltage greater than 90% of the set voltage	Output voltage less than 90% of the set voltage	No voltage at the output
Meaning	Output voltage and current OK	QUINT POWER operating, but: – Error at the load – Current consumption greater than I_{BOOST} – Output short circuit	QUINT POWER not operating, because: – No mains voltage present – The primary side fuse has blown – The device is faulty

Function

Output Characteristic Curve

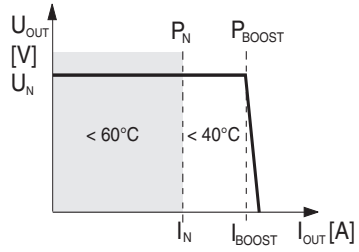


Figure 13 Output characteristic curve

At ambient operating temperatures T_{amb} < +40°C, the device can continuously supply an I_{BOOST} current at nominal voltage. In the event of heavier loads the working point demonstrates the U/I characteristic curve shown in the figure. The output current is limited to I_{BOOST}. The secondary voltage is reduced until the short circuit on the secondary side is removed.

The U/I characteristic curve ensures that both heavy capacitive loads and loads with DC/DC converters can be supplied by QUINT POWER in the input circuit. Connected fuses are tripped. The selectivity in your system configuration is ensured at all times.

- U_N = +24 V
- I_N = 5 A
- I_{BOOST} = 7.5 A
- P_N = 120 W
- P_{BOOST} = 180 W

Temperature Response

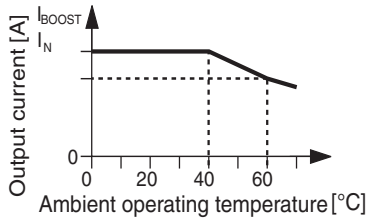


Figure 14 Temperature response

At an ambient operating temperature of up to +40°C, the device continuously supplies the I_{BOOST} output current.

The device can supply a nominal output current of I_N up to an ambient operating temperature of +60°C. The output power must be decreased by 2.5% per Kelvin temperature increase for ambient operating temperatures over +60°C.

At ambient operating temperatures above +70°C or in the event of a thermal overload, the device does not switch off. The output power is decreased to such an extent that device protection is provided. Once the device has cooled down, the output power is increased again.

Parallel Operation

Devices of the same type can be connected in parallel to increase both redundancy and power. The default setting does not have to be adjusted.

A maximum of five devices can be connected in parallel.

If the output voltage is adjusted, an even current distribution can be ensured by precisely setting all power supply units that are operated in parallel to the same output voltage.

To ensure symmetrical current distribution we recommend that all cable connections from the power supply unit to the DIN rail are the same length and have the same cross section.

Depending on the system, for parallel connection of more than two power supply units a protective circuit should be installed at each individual device output (e.g., decoupling diode or DC fuse). This prevents high return currents in the event of a secondary device fault.

Redundancy Operation

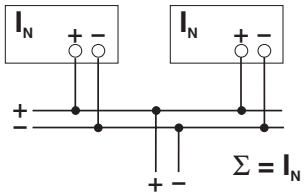


Figure 15 Redundancy operation

Redundant circuits are suitable for supplying systems, which place particularly high demands on operational safety.

If a fault occurs in the primary circuit of the first power supply unit, the second device automatically takes over the entire power supply, without interruption, and vice versa.

For this purpose, the power supply units to be connected in parallel must be large enough that the total current requirements of all loads can be fully met by one power supply unit.

External decoupling diodes are required for 100% redundancy (QUINT-DIODE/40, Order No. 29 38 96 3).

Increasing Power

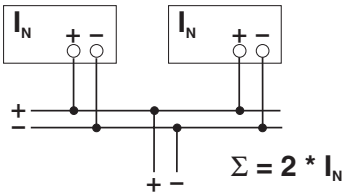


Figure 16 Increasing power

The output current can be increased to **n x** I_N where **n** is the number of devices connected in parallel.

Parallel connection for increasing power is used when extending existing systems. A parallel connection is recommended if the power supply unit does not cover the current consumption of the most powerful load.

Otherwise, the loads should be divided over independent individual devices.

A maximum of five devices can be connected in parallel.

© PHOENIX CONTACT 12/2005

Artisan Technology Group is an independent supplier of quality pre-owned equipment

Gold-standard solutions

Extend the life of your critical industrial, commercial, and military systems with our superior service and support.

We buy equipment

Planning to upgrade your current equipment? Have surplus equipment taking up shelf space? We'll give it a new home.

Learn more!

Visit us at **artisantg.com** for more info on price quotes, drivers, technical specifications, manuals, and documentation.

Artisan Scientific Corporation dba Artisan Technology Group is not an affiliate, representative, or authorized distributor for any manufacturer listed herein.

We're here to make your life easier. How can we help you today?

(217) 352-9330 | sales@artisantg.com | artisantg.com

ARTISAN® TECHNOLOGY GROUP